FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

For Almanac—August 14.

Sun Rises	5.17 A M
Sun Sets	6.51 P M
Day's Length	13 h 34 m
High Water at Southport	11.01 A M
High Water at Wilmington	12.44 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE. WEATHER BUREAU.
WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 14.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 78°, 8 p. m., 80°; maximum, 89°; minimum, 76°; mean, 82°.

Rainfall for the day, T.; rainfall for the month up to date, 1.19.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Local showers fell along the Gulf Coast, over Florida and North Carolina, being heaviest over the last named State; generally fair and continued warm weather prevailed over the cotton-belt.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

Partly cloudy, local thunder storms; warmer in western portion; westerly winds.

The weather is cloudy to-night over the Middle Atlantic States and Southern New England and the interior of the South Atlantic States. Thunder storms are likely to prevail on the Middle Atlantic States and Southern New England and Eastern Gulf States.

OUTLINES.

Jas. E. Kelley, cashier of the First National Bank, of South Bend, Ind., who was short in his accounts, committed suicide. —— A reception was held at Windsor Hotel, New York, by Bryan and Sewall, and Mrs. Bryan. —— The Treasury gold reserve stood at $106,216,757 yesterday. —— The tug Dauntless left Brunswick Ga., with men and arms for Cuba. —— Pittsburg, Pa., and vicinity was visited by a severe rain and electric storm; no serious injury to life or property in Pittsburg reported, but at other points dwellings, stables, fences and domestic animals were carried away by the running waters. —— The Manhattan Hotel, at Shelter Island, New York, was burned; loss $200,000. —— A passenger train on the Lake Shore Railroad was wrecked by the washing away of a culvert; the engineer and fireman was killed. —— The Navy Department is exercised over the physical collapse of two engineers of the battleship Indiana, who gave way under the exciting duties required of them—— Vermont, Maine, Texas, Kentucky, Illinois, and New York will hold State Conventions during this month to elect delegates to the Indianapolis Convention. —— The Charleston Cotton Exchange report on the wire cotton bale. —— New York markets: Money on call was easier at 2½@4 per cent; last loan at 2½, and closing offered at 2½ per cent; cotton quoted dull; middling gulf 8½c; middling uplands 8c; Southern flour was dull and steady; common to fair extra $2 00@3 60; good to choice $3 60@3 90; wheat—spot quiet and easier; No. 2 red, August 69⅛ cents; corn—spot dull and weak; No. 2 38¾c. at elevator and 29¾c. afloat; spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 43¾@44¼c; rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1.57½@1.60.

Li Hung Chang will sail from England for this country on the 22nd. He has heard about Chicago and will avoid that town.

That New York counterfeiter who put more silver into his half dollars than the U. S. Government does doubtless wanted to show that there was none of the skinflint in him.

Paris policemen carry highly decorated clubs, but a fellow does not feel a bit better when knocked on the noggin with one of these clubs than he would if leveled by a plain, ungarnished bludgeon.

The army worm seems to have been getting in its work in some of the Northern States. In New York the damage is estimated at $350,000, in Massachusetts at $200,000 and in Pennsylvania at $250,000.

The Mayor of Honolulu is coming to this country to borrow $3,000,000, on which the Philadelphia *Ledger* paragraph builder remarks: "Money makes the mare go." But in this case it seems to make the Mayor come.

The New York *Sun* and some other so-called Democratic bolting organs assert that Wm. J. Bryan has said that he would never vote for a gold candidate for the Presidency, and give that as a justification for their bolting the Chicago ticket. In making that declaration Mr. Bryan was either right or he was wrong. If he was right they have no right to find fault with it; if he was wrong they have no right to plead that declaration as a justification of their bolt.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LVIII.—NO. 123. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 14, 1896. WHOLE NO. 8,958

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

The German bimetallists are beginning to move again, and are endeavoring to get England to join in the movement for an international bimetallic congress. But John Bull, who thinks he has a good thing in the present gold standard, is not showing much disposition to accept the Germanic invitation. John always was a selfish old cuss.

At the imminent risk of being classed with the "anarchists," "communists," and "repudiators," Rev. Dr. Talmage ventures the opinion that "If the silver people win, I believe there will be such a revival in business, such a booming of industries, which are now inactive, and such a general shaking up of commercial interests that the country will be sure to prosper."

The Louisville *Courier Journal* (not the very best authority now) rises to remark that "it is getting to be a mark of honor and a proof of Democracy to repudiate Bryan," which reminds us of the reply of a colored citizen to a white citizen who objected to eating possum, when he said, "it's jist owin' to how you's raised."

The gold organs still persist in reminding us that gold is the standard of civilization," which means to say that England did not become civilized until 1816 and the other European gold countries and this country until 1873, so that we do not have to go so very far back after all to find our barbaric ancestry.

Mr. A. E. Holton, chairman of the State Republican Committee, has discovered that candidate Cy. Watson is an "anarchist." If Mr. Holton continues, his explorations he may yet discover that Cy. was born with horns (although he never takes 'em) and that he carries a dirk in his bootleg.

The New York *Sun* doesn't like some of the silly literature the Republican committee is sending out and indulges in some caustic remarks on "damphool campaign literature." This isn't as elegant or classic as Dana's phraseology usually is but it is quite pat.

The New York *Sun* says Hoke Smith in the past six years has been on both sides of the silver question. Perhaps Hoke has been a reader of the *Sun*, which has also done some shining on both sides of that question.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W B COOPER—Rice.
STR. WILMINGTON—Schedule.
HILTON PARK—Variety show.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

LOST—Gold ring.
WANTED—Wet nurse.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— "Too hot to live," said George Seifert, who attempted suicide in Baltimore last Tuesday.

— A large party of excursionists arrived in the city yesterday morning from Fayetteville. After spending the day pleasantly at the seaside resorts, they returned home in the evening at 7.30 o'clock.

— If Cy. Thompson is nominated for Congress by the Populicans of the Third District, as is almost certain, there will be an interesting fight, as Frank Thompson, the Democratic nominee, is Cy's. brother.

— Rev. R. A. Willis, pastor of the Grace Methodist Episcopal Church, has returned to the city from his summer vacation, and will conduct the usual services at his church on next Sunday morning and night.

— John Forbes, colored, was arrested yesterday on a warrant charging him with feloniously assaulting Minnie Murphy, a colored girl under twelve years of age. The accused will be given a hearing before Justice Bunting to-day.

SILVER SENTIMENT GROWING.

Thousands of Indiana Republicans Joining Bryan Clubs.

INDIANAPOLIS, August 11.—Instead of waning the silver sentiment in Indiana is on the increase. Every day prominent Republicans are joining free silver clubs.

Chairman Holt, of the Democratic State Committee, said to-day that he had received from county chairmen the names of 10,000 Republicans in Indiana who will vote for Bryan and Sewall. The silver sentiment, he says, is not dying out. It is daily expanding and will sweep the State. One instance of this growth is the fact that 150 Republicans joined the Bryan Club in Ohio county,

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Capt. W. H. Newell, of Norfolk, is in town.

— Col. T. W. Strange returned home yesterday.

— Mrs. W. C. Craft was reported yesterday as improving.

— Mr. Walter Rutland, agent A. C. L., is on the sick list.

— Miss Lizzie Parker, of Cypress Creek, was here yesterday.

— Mr. F. L. Leonard, of Kelly's Cove, is in the city, on a visit to relatives.

— Miss Emma West left yesterday for Winston, to visit Miss Bessie Smith.

— Mr. J. B. Robeson, of Southport, was a visitor at the STAR office last night.

— Mr. Walter McRae and Mr. Geo. A. Burns, of Fayetteville, were in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Joe W. Yates, of the National Bank of Wilmington, is spending his vacation at Carolina Beach.

— Messrs. F. L. Pippen, J. H. Pippen and R. E. L. Gunter, of Enfield, were visitors in the city yesterday.

— Mr. B. J. Hughes, of Rocky Mount, train dispatcher for the A. C. L., is in the city on a visit to old friends.

— Messrs. C. P. Parker, Bladen county; J. T. Lewis, O. F. Smith, Dr. F. A. Arthur, Sampson county, are visitors in the city.

— Capts. W. H. Gannon and E. E. Groom, of Charleston, S. C., inspectors of steamboat boilers and hulls, are in the city on business.

— Mrs. B. E. Blodgett arrived in the city yesterday to join her husband, who is contractor in charge of work on the Southport R. R.

— Mr. Norwood Giles, one of the proprietors of the Wilmington rice mills, leaves to-day for New York City to engage in business there.

— Messrs. Walter S. McRae, J. C. McRae, J. B. Carr, M. V. Hardin, G. A. Burns, B. R. Taylor, W. S. Cook, Jno. Underwood, Geo. M. Rose, of Fayetteville, were in the city yesterday.

— Messrs. J. A. Sheets, Raleigh; R. G. Grady, Bruce Williams, Burgaw; J. C. Smith, Bessemer City; J. C. Black, W. J. Adams, Carthage; H. S. Leard, Raleigh; S. F. Craig, Southport, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

— Mr. J. Austin Best, of Augusta, Ga., wife of the manager of the telegraph office there, who has been at Carolina Beach for several days, has returned to the city and will spend awhile with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Yopp.

— The STAR had a visit yesterday from Mr. R. M. Miles, who has been connected with the Postal Telegraph Co., of Richmond, Va. He comes to take charge of the company's office here. Mr. W. B. Scattergood will leave to day for his new post, Atlanta, Ga.

Death of Rev. James B. Bailey.

This aged veteran of the cross and member of the North Carolina Annual Conference, quietly passed to his reward at his residence in this city on Grace between Sixth and Seventh streets yesterday afternoon at the ripe old age of seventy-eight years. He had been an itinerant Methodist minister for a half century, and leaves a host of friends who will regret to hear of his departure in Eastern Carolina, where the most of his labors as an humble minister of the gospel were performed. He was a man of no ordinary intellect, and had a mind well stored with information. He loved to preach, and died as it were "with harness on," for notwithstanding the fact that on account of his age his conference placed him on the superannuated list years ago, yet, to the very last he had appointments in the country for preaching which he never failed to fill when his health permitted him to go. Peace to his ashes.

The funeral will take place this afternoon at one o'clock from Grace M. E. church. The remains will be taken to Scott's Hill for interment.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—5 bbls tar, 11 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R R.—52 casks spirits turpentine, 155 bbls rosin, 47 bbls tar, 1 bbl crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—57 casks spirits turpentine, 11 bbls rosin, 11 bbls tar.

Steamer Daggett—15 casks spirits turpentine, 90 bbls rosin, 7 bbls tar, 20 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Spirits turpentine, 124 casks; rosin, 356 bbls; tar, 70 bbls; crude turpentine, 33 bbls.

The Quarantine Station.

The Southport *Leader* of yesterday says:

The quarantine station bond of Mr. Peake was approved on August 7th, work to be begun five days after filing of the bond, the contract to be completed within sixty days after work is begun.

The new contract is simply to complete the work left unfinished by the failed contractor, Frank Baldwin. It does not include the surgeon's house or the men's quarters, but will carry the pier to completion and finish up the disinfecting house and hospital. The artesian well is also part of the contract.

— Valentine Howe, foreman of Cape Fear Steam Fire Company, was yesterday re-elected President of the North Carolina Volunteer Firemen's Association (colored), in session this week at Wilson. This is President Howe's third term.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH.

Reception to the Pastor, Rev. W. B. Oliver —Musical Entertainment—Recitations—Refreshments Served by Ladies of the Congregation.

The STAR, on account of publishing report of the Bryan and Sewall notification meeting and Mr. Bryan's address, was unable to publish a full account of the reception given in honor of Rev. Will B. Oliver by his congregation, after a return from a six weeks' absence. The reception was opened at 8.30 o'clock in the lecture room adjoining the First Baptist Church, which was crowded to its utmost capacity. Mr. G. E. Leftwich, superintendent of the Sunday school, welcomed those present and the pastor in a very appropriate speech of about ten minutes. Rev. Mr. Oliver, in responding, was filled with emotion and very feelingly thanked the members of his church for the honor they bestowed upon him and the love and esteem in which he was held by them.

The musical part of the evening's entertainment was started by a couple of very fine selections from the Carolina Mandolin Club, composed of the following young men: Messrs. R. C. Platt, Sam. Hall, W. P. Platt, Robt. C. Fowler, Ed. P. Nelson, Ed. C. Warren, C. V. Motte, Wm. Ortman, Ed. Heinsberger, J. S. Williams and Stuart Heinsberger. Upon retiring from the stage, the Mandolin Club received quite a small ovation.

Miss Lida B. Whitney sang "Boylyns' Answer," which was much admired. She was accompanied on the piano by Mr. Alfred Yopp, and violin obligato by Miss Norma Foster. The duet, "The Land of the Swallows," was very sweetly sung by Mrs. Jas. Calder and her daughter, Miss Elsie Calder. Little Miss Alice Craft recited the "Blue and the Gray," which was touching and ably rendered throughout, doing herself great credit. Miss Bessie Burtt accompanied her on the piano, playing gently familiar Northern and Southern airs as the speech called for them. Mr. A. S. Holden sang a baritone solo, "The Sentinel," in his usual style.

One of the special features of the evening was a vocal solo by Miss Blanche Rueckert, of Washington, D. C., who sang "For the Sake of the Past" in her sweet soprano, her excellent voice being commented upon by all present. Mrs. G. E. Leftwitch rendered a recitation entitled, "I've Left with a Handsomer Man," in a magnificent style, the dramatic effect being splendid. The quartette singing of "Sing Allelulia Forth," was excellent and received much applause. The quartette was composed of Messrs. Cooper and Holden and Misses White and Newman. Miss Newman then delighted the audience by singing a beautiful solo, entitled "Lass Dich Lieben," and proved quite a favorite. The musical part of the programme closed by the Mandolin Club playing "King Cotton" march. Misses Chestnut and Burtt and Mr. Yopp accompanied them in fine style.

The members of the congregation and their friends were then seated at the tables, which were placed throughout the hall, and had ice cream, cake and other refreshments served to them free of charge. A general good time, love feast and hand shaking was kept up until the clock struck twelve, and all left for their homes much pleased with the evening's enjoyment and the good feeling which exists between the members and the pastor.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Wilmington Postoffice August, 13, 1896:

WOMEN'S LIST.

B—Miss J D Bolton, Miss Eva Bailey, Mrs Minnie L Beach, Miss Sallie Boyette. D—Mrs Adaline Darline, Mrs Mary Davis. J—Mrs Alice Jones, Mrs Maggie John. K—Mrs Florence King. M—Mrs Fannie Moore, Mrs Lillie Maimp, Mrs Liza Murdock, Miss Mita Magee. P—Miss Cary Pail. R—Miss Minnie Robinson, Staunton—Miss Alberta Staunton. T—Miss Mollie Taylor. W—Miss Virginia Whitfield, Mrs W D Williams.

MEN'S LIST.

A—Mrs Arggaizemo, Masster Will Adams. B—Lawrence Bruce, T F Barber, Henry Biggs. C—R M Carter, W B Curtis. D—John Drinus, N M De Bruin. E—Joseph Ellersin. F—W R Foreman. G—Geo Guilford. H—A T Himler, Geo W Hongens, J W Hepner, M J House, M B Hazzard, W H Heard, Willie Harrison, William Hill, J—Addie Johnson. K—H A Kilburn. L—W H Lamb. M—A T Mansfield, Arthur McCants, Alex Moore, Jr, C H Mills, F S Maulsby, G F Muldane, W Melton. O—Nick Old. P—A J Parker, Hayes Perry. S—L C Streeter, Ernest Smith 2, J J Smith, Neddie L Spivery. M—Capt A M Mehermann. T—Charley Tate, T J Taylor. W—C F Williams, D Roach Wilford.

RETURNED FROM DEAD-LETTER OFFICE.

Felix A Amador, Jim Doone, Addie Evans, L W Evans, Mary C Henry, Mrs Sadie Hall, Clara Lee, Eliza McRoy, Rose Nelson, John Pearsall, Emma A Smith, Rocky Sparks.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in 15 days, they will be sent to the dead letter office.

GEO. L. MORTON, Postmaster.

Vaudeville Shows at Hilton Park.

The Wilmington Street Railway Company will begin next Monday giving Vaudeville shows nightly at Hilton Park, for the benefit of those who visit this resort. They have completed arrangements with the Smith Vaudeville Company to present their unique variety show, which has been drawing such crowds at the Park in Winston, N. C. The management says that if it is liberally patronized here, that some number one shows will be put on at Hilton during the entire season, and they hope every one will take advantage of their first experiment.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

POPULIST CONVENTION.

REPUBLICAN FUSION STATE TICKET NOMINATED.

Guthrie for Governor and Dockery for Lieutenant Governor—Butler Ruled the Roost—Middle-of-the-Road Men Made a Strong Fight for a Straight Ticket —Worth Nominated for State Treasurer—Cy Thompson for Secretary of State.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C. August 13.—The Populist Convention was called to order shortly after noon to-day by Senator Butler. He made only a few remarks and appointed L. C. Caldwell, mayor of Statesville, temporary chairman. After the announcement of committees as selected by districts the convention adjourned until two o'clock.

The member of the Committee on Credentials from the Sixth district is R. W. Elliott; member Committee on Permanent Organization is W. A. Oldham; member Committee on Platform is J. A. Walker.

The convention was slow in coming together in the afternoon. The Committee on Permanent Organization reported in favor of Harry Skinner for permanent chairman. The Committee on Credentials showed that all counties were represented except Chowan. There was only one contest, that being from New Hanover. The contestees were accorded five votes and the contestants one vote.

In accepting the chairmanship, Congressman Skinner made a lengthy speech. He spoke strongly for Bryan and said Watson would never come down.

A resolution was offered to fill in the Republican skeleton ticket, which was overwhelmingly defeated.

A motion to go into the nomination of a candidate for Governor was then carried. Spier Whitaker nominated Dr. Cyrus Thompson, of Onslow; J. B. Lloyd put Maj. Wm. A. Guthrie in nomination. Both candidates were seconded by various counties. One delegate said he rose in the name and majesty of the farmers' alliance to second Thompson's nomination.

Guthrie was nominated on the first ballot, receiving 797 7-15 votes, and Thompson receiving 331 8 15. Guthrie's nomination was made unanimous. New Hanover cast 15 6 votes for Guthrie and 4 5-6 votes for Thompson.

Maj. Guthrie was called for, though the applause was not very strong. He responded in a graceful speech of acceptance. Mr. Guthrie said the Populists must present a solid front in order to fight the enemy. He said that he had been counsel of the Southern railway for nine years in Durham county but nowhere else. "When the lease of the North Carolina road was made, I knew nothing about it," he said, "and the man who says I did will have me to whip." Mr. Guthrie said he had been called a corporation lawyer, but that corporations did not control his politics. He said he endorsed the Populist platform, especially the part denouncing the lease of the North Carolina road. He said the Populists would meet the other parties on the stump.

When Maj. Wm. A. Guthrie finished his speech in accepting the nomination or Governor, Senator Butler stepped to the platform. He said that he wanted to see the convention nominate a candidate for Lieutenant Governor before adjourning for supper. "The man whose name I shall present to you," he said, "is one of the most magnificent campaigners in the State; a man whose name commands the admiration of every citizen of the State; who has canvassed from the mountains to the sea and whose friends will vote for honest education and free silver. Let us co-operate for principle and victory. [Great cheering.] Yes, I say, co-operate, because we can do that. The man I nominate is Oliver H. Dockery, the old war horse of the Pee Dee."

The convention gave one great spontaneous outburst, which far eclipsed the applause accorded Guthrie. The demonstration lasted several minutes, with delegates standing and yelling.

Concluding, Butler said: "Let us name Guthrie and Dockery and there will be no more ballot-box stuffing in North Carolina. Victory will perch on our banners."

When the applause subsided Butler moved a suspension of the rules and the nomination of Dockery by acclamation. At this juncture Harry Skinner, white with excitement, and nervous, came to the front. A dramatic and surprising scene followed, and the heretofore noisy convention became motionless. "I want to be heard," said Congressman Skinner in stentorian voice. "I regret to take issue with the distinguished Senator, and a man of so much distinguished influence; but I tell you plainly that I am not afraid to take issue with any one when I have got truth, justice and right on my side, and I am not afraid to appeal to the people. I hate for this line of demarcation to come when we have started out to name a straight ticket. We are about to nominate the Republican of all Republicans in North Carolina. Guthrie and a straight fight is what we want. God knows if we have got to fuse with the Republicans let us take the other end. In the words of Tom Watson, 'Where are we at?' Yells of 'Go ahead!' Shall we be led into either the Democratic or Republican party? [Cries of no.] If you want to co-operate with the Democrats, say so like men, but don't do it by dividing the Republican party which means the election of the Democratic ticket. Why take Russell or Dockery? We want neither, we want principle, purity of the ballot box and silver. The nomination of Dockery means Democratic supremacy and the abolishment of our honest election law. Let us be honest as we have started, with a straight ticket. Let Dockery come to us and say that he will canvass for Bryan and Watson before asking our support. If we are going to fuse with the Republicans let us take the machine in preference to the rebels. Senator Butler has been crying for a middle road ticket, but with all his influence he cannot do this."

Cyrus Thompson had been called for previously, and he just then entered the hall. Skinner had made a highly impassioned speech, full of oratory, and there seemed to be a revulsion of feeling. Thompson was loudly called for on his appearance. Thompson thanked the convention for the vote given him for Governor. "It is a vote any man might be proud of, as I have made no canvass and had no newspaper back of me," he said.

As he said this he turned and looked at Hal Ayer. He spoke kindly of Guthrie. A delegate yelled, "Pour oil on the troubled waters." Just as Dr. Thompson started to take up Skinner's cudgel in the rebellion against Butler, Dr. Thompson said: "When I heard yesterday morning on my arrival here that Butler had made a proposition on all matters, I was indignant. I ask you men before me to make up your State ticket out of loyal Populists, as loyal as Maj. Guthrie. When men who dicker with the Democratic party come here and attempt to make a mongrel ticket, I rebel. Senator Butler, with all his power, cannot make a mongrel ticket for the Populists. I would rather go down with a middle-of-the-road ticket than a mixture." Thompson was given loud applause.

Harry Skinner then made a motion to adjourn. A vote was taken and a division called for.

Senator Butler came forward, but Joshua Skinner, from the East, interrupted him, saying: "I don't think Marion Butler has control of this convention." He kept talking but his remarks were drowned by yells.

Acting Chairman Caldwell made the remark that no man controlled the convention.

Senator Butler then asked all friends to vote in favor of adjournment. A recess was then taken until 8 p. m.

The revolt against Butler is the sensation of the convention. Skinner and Thompson who have a grudge against Butler thought they saw a good opportunity to embarrass him and they took advantage of it.

NIGHT SESSION.

The convention was reconvened at 8.30. Senator Butler was accorded an ovation upon entering the hall. A roll call was ordered by Chairman Skinner.

Solicitor Sewell spoke in favor of Dockery when his county was called. He said Dockery was for silver. "Who is he going to vote for?" yelled a delegate.

Ed Kesler spoke when Cabarrus was called. He said he was against Dockery. Another delegate from Cabarrus spoke for Guthrie. He said Kesler did not represent Cabarrus.

Col. Harry Skinner took the floor when Pitt was called. He said that the leaders of the party, the dictators, the party-bugs, seemed to be bent on fusing with the Dockery wing of the party. [Delegates whistled and made side remarks at this statement, and there were even some hisses.] But Skinner would not be interrupted. He declared that this policy would divide the Populist and Republican parties and safely land the Democrats in power. "I voted for Weaver," he said, "when Guthrie voted for Grover Cleveland. [Applause.] Is Col. Dockery a Populist? Will he support Bryan?" "Yes," yelled a delegate, who proved to be Y. C. Morton, of Rockingham. "On what authority do you make this statement?" said Skinner. "He told me out of his own lips," said Morton, "that he would never support McKinley, and he told others that he would vote for Bryan and Watson."

"I want an authoritative statement that Col. Dockery will support Bryan and Watson before I support him," said Skinner. "Richmond can speak for him," yelled a delegate. "Produce your authority by telegram or otherwise," said Skinner. The delegate's reply was, that he had Col. Dockery's word for it that he was for Bryan and Watson.

Col. Skinner placed J. F. Mewborne in nomination for Lieutenant Governor in opposition to Dockery.

Nat Jarrett spoke strongly against Dockery's nomination and seconded Mewborne.

J. E. Person, of Wayne, denounced Butler as a Cromwell and told him to beware of his ambition.

Col. Dockery was nominated on the first ballot, receiving 798 votes and Mewborne 285.

A motion to make the vote unanimous was declared out of order by Chairman Skinner.

W. H. Worth was nominated for Treasurer by acclamation.

Dr. Cy. Thompson was nominated for Secretary of State by acclamation. Mr. Thompson accepted the nomination, and said he would do everything in his power to elect the ticket.

Harry Skinner was then called. He said he could not fail to endorse a ticket with Cy. Thompson on it.

RUSSELL REPUBLICANS INDIGNANT.

The Russell-Pritchard Republicans who are here are very indignant at Walser and Dockery for the course they have pursued and think they have knifed the Republican party. H. L. Grant approached Walser to-night to demand of him why he had stated that Russell was coming down as the Republican nominee. Walser's reply was that Pritchard and Pearson had told him in the presence of Settle that Russell would have to come down, and that he must do so at the first opportunity.

12.57 a. m., August 14.—Charles A. Mebane was nominated for Superintendent of Public Instruction, receiving 601 5-7 votes. John Graham and John W. Woody were voted for.

The convention was in an uproar for ten minutes. Delegates were protesting against Walser's nomination. A motion was made to appoint a committee to wait on Walser, who was at the hotel, and ascertain from him if he would support Bryan and Watson. Buck Kitchin said that he heard him say to-night that he would not. There were calls for Senator Butler. He appeared and advised adjournment until to-morrow at 8 30. The motion prevailed, though with some difficulty, and the convention adjourned at 2 30. Butler has lost ground to-day.

Chairman Manly makes reply to Senator Butler's last proposition in which he said he did not submit his proposition to the committee because he did not believe they would accept and further he did not believe they had authority to fuse on State and Congressional matters.

TOBACCO WAREHOUSE

Opened at Lumberton Under Encouraging Auspices—Many Buyers Present.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

LUMBERTON, N. C., August 13.—The Lumberton tobacco warehouse opened to day with a big break. There was a good lot of tobacco on the floor and the buyers from the tobacco towns of this State and Virginia were present. The sale will continue Friday and Saturday.

Prof. Massey, of the Agricultural and Mechanical College, delivered an address on the culture of tobacco.

RALEIGH NEWS ITEMS.

FIVE HOURS BEFORE THE POPULIST STATE CONVENTION.

Five Hundred Populists in the City—Caucusing—Deals and Counter Deals.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., August 13.

From all indications there are five hundred Populists here, five hours before the Populist State Convention convenes. Most of the delegates are stopping at cheap boarding houses and comparatively few outside of the leaders are at the Park. There are no badges in evidence whatever.

There never was so much caucusing going on in Raleigh before. Heretofore the caucusing of politicians has been combined to two parties. To-day leaders of all three parties are here bobnobbing. Deals and counter deals are going on. But all of these are insignificant when compared to plans evolved by Marion Butler. That gentleman has shaped the policy of the convention, and it remains for his lieutenant to carry it out. He will do here what he did at St. Louis.

The Republicans are powerfully concerned, but they claim that they cannot learn what is going on. G. Z. French says he is on his way North for a fishing expedition and stopped in Raleigh to catch a few suckers.

The middle-of-the-road Populists do not appear to be raising much of a rumpus. They are not making any boasts.

A Republican of prominence said to-day that Butler has come to the conclusion that the best thing the Populists can do is to unite with the Republicans on State matters.

FIREMEN'S ASSOCIATION.

Annual Meeting at Salisbury—The Programme—Races—Prizes, Etc.

The North Carolina State Firemen's Association will meet in Salisbury August 19, 20, 21. The Howard Relief Engine Company will go and participate in the races, and the Fifth Ward Hook and Ladder Company and the Atlantic Engine Company will send delegates to the association meeting. The following is the programme and list of prizes, viz:

August 19th, 10 a. m.—Meeting called to order by President J. D. McNeill. Prayer by Rev. T. F. Marr. Address of welcome by Hon. Theo. F. Kluttz. Response. Regular order of business.

August 20th—9 a. m., street parade; 11 a. m., steamer contest; 3 p. m., hand reel contest.

August 21st—9 a. m., grab reel race; 10 a. m., horse reel race; 11 a. m., hand hook and ladder race; 3 p. m., horse hook and ladder race; 4 p. m., reel race for championship race.

Companies contemplating bringing apparatus to enter contests are expected to notify the Secretary of Salisbury Fire Department on or before August 10th.

Rules printed in proceedings of last convention will govern the races this year.

Water must be shown in all hose reel races.

List of Prizes—Quick steaming, 1st prize, $75.00; 2nd prize, 40.00. Distance, 1st, 45.00, 2nd, 30.00. Hand reel race, 1st, 75.00; 2nd, 40.00. Grab reel race, 1st, 45.00; 2nd, 30.00. Horse reel race, 1st, 45.00; 2nd, 30.00. Hand hook and ladder race, 1st, 45.00; 2nd, 35.00. Hose reel for championship belt. Horse hook and ladder race, 1st prize, 45.00; 2nd, 35.00. Foot race, 1st prize, 6.00, 2nd, 4.00.

SAW MACEO KILLED.

The Cuban Patriot Made Happy in His Last Moments by the Victory He Had Won.

PHILADELPHIA, August 11.—Sergeant Iorenso Guallaro, of the Cuban army, arrived here to-day. He says he was with Jose Maceo when he was killed. Guallaro says:

"I was right at his side when he fell at Loma del Gato. I helped to carry him from the field and also helped to bury his remains at Songo. We had won the battle of Loma del Gato, and just as the Spaniards disappeared over the hill to the left of the battle ground Gen. Maceo jumped from his horse and stood with one arm on the pummel of the saddle and the other outstretched, giving orders for our return to camp. His back was turned to the enemy. Suddenly a shot rang out, and Maceo reeled and with a cry fell to the ground. The bullet went right through his neck, coming out in front. He cried: "I won the fight; I am glad to die. Cuba! Cuba!"

WEST VIRGINIA.

Hundreds of Republicans Joining the Bryan and Sewall Clubs.

WASHINGTON, August 11.—Senator Faulkner, chairman of the Democratic Congressional Committee, announced to-day that he had received very encouraging news from various sections of West Virginia. In Kanawha county, he said, there are about thirty-nine Bryan and Sewall Clubs, in each of which there is an average of thirty Republican members. In Marion county there are 739 Republicans already listed to vote for free silver and the Democratic candidates. Senator Faulkner says he is receiving letters from many other sections of the country indicating similar accessions to the Democray from the ranks of the Republican party.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

DO YOU TAKE IT?

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first-class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that is opposed to the single gold standard, that favors the free coinage of silver on an exact equality with gold, and that does not hesitate to speak its sentiments openly and fearlessly? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

If you will invest $1.25 in a trial subscription of three months you will have ample opportunity to form a fair judgment of the merits of THE MORNING STAR.

SCARED ABOUT NEW YORK.

C. C. Shayne Tells the Republican Managers They Must Work Hard to Save New York State.

[*New York Journal*]

C. C. Shayne, who has just opened the State campaign for the Republicans in Saratoga county, returned here yesterday. Last night he called at the Republican headquarters, at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, and said that the silver sentiment was growing so rapidly that the Republicans had no sure thing of carrying the State.

"No Republican should lose time in getting down to hard work," said Mr. Shayne. "No time should be lost in making a house to house canvass. The situation is alarming."

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

DIED.

BAILEY—In this city, Thursday, August 13th, 1896, at 5.35 p. m., the Rev. JAMES B. BAILEY, in the 78th year of his age.

Funeral at Grace M. E. Church to-day (Friday) at 1 o'clock p. m. Friends and acquaintances invited to attend. Remains will be taken to Scott's Hill for interment.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Store and Office for Rent.

THE DOUBLE STORE ON NORTH WATER street now occupied by D. McEachern, with wharf privilege. Also southeast corner office up stairs; both very desirable stands. Apply to

aug 13 2w NAVASSA GUANO CO.

The Smith Vaudeville Co.

will present their unique

VARIETY SHOW

—AT—

HILTON PARK

For one week, beginning August 17.

aug 14 1t

RICE.

25 Barrels RICE
50 100 bbl. Bags RICE.
25,000 CIGARETTS.
10,000 CHEROOTS.
10 Boxes LEMONS.
75 Cases MATCHES.
99 Boxes SNUFF.
25 Dozen BROOMS.

W. B. COOPER.

aug 9 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C

THE CELEBRATED

Bartholomay Brew. Co.,

ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Best Beer In the World.

It Sells Itself On Its Merits.

Bartholomay's

ROCHESTER

BEER.

HANDLED BY ALL SALOONS

Outside the city solicited.

F. RICHTER, Agent

For Export and Draught.

my 13 tf

SOUTHPORT AND CAROLINA BEACH

SCHEDULE.

STEAMER WILMINGTON.

	For Southport.	For Carolina Beach.				
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M	P. M.
MONDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	.....	5 15
TUESDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	.....	5 15
WEDNESDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	3 00	5 15
THURSDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	3 00	5 15
FRIDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	3 00	5 15
SATURDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	3 00	5 15
SUNDAY	.....	.....	10 00	2 30	.....

Schedule for return see Black Board at the Beach. Fare to Beach and return 25c. Fare on 5, 15 to the Pier and return 15 cents.

ju 7 tf J. W. HARPER.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, AUG. 14, 1896

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT:
WILLIAM J. BRYAN,
of Nebraska.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
ARTHUR SEWALL,
of Maine.

STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

THEY WILL BE ELECTED.

FOR GOVERNOR:
CYRUS B. WATSON,
of Forsyth.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR:
THOMAS W. MASON,
of Northampton.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
CHARLES M. COOKE,
of Franklin.

FOR STATE TREASURER:
B. F. AYCOCK,
of Wayne.

FOR STATE AUDITOR:
R. M. FURMAN,
of Buncombe.

FOR SUPT. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:
JOHN C. SCARBOROUGH,
of Johnston.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL:
F. I. OSBORNE,
of Mecklenburg.

ASSOCIATE JUSTICES SUPREME COURT:
A. C. AVERY, of Burke,
GEO. H. BROWN, Jr., of Beaufort.

☞ "You tell us the great cities are in favor of the gold standard. Burn down your great cities and leave your farms, and your cities will grow up again. But destroy our farms and the grass will grow in every city of the Union."—From Wm. J. Bryan's speech before Democratic National Convention.

☞ "I am for McKinley, Russell and Gold," says Oscar J. Spears, one of the Republican candidates for Elector-at-Large.

☞ "I desire to meet Mr. Russell on the hustings of North Carolina. I want the people to hear us and decide between me and what I represent, and what I think he represents. With their decision I shall be content. If elected Governor of your State, I shall see that every man, no matter what his station in life or what his politics, is given every privilege granted him by the Constitution of North Carolina."—*Cyrus B. Watson, Democratic candidate for Governor.*

THE GOLD SUPPLY.

The gold organs contend that the annual increase in the supply of the world's gold is such that there will be enough to meet the world's demand for money and therefore there is no need of the free coinage of silver by this or any other country. As bearing upon this we clip the following from the Philadelphia *Record*:

The late Professor Scoetbeer, of Austria, was the leading authority on statistics pertaining to the production and use of the precious metals and kindred topics. His work has been continued by Professor Lexis, of the Trade Museum of Vienna, who has brought down the data to 1895 in a recent report which will furnish much food for reflection to those who are needlessly distressed concerning the scarcity of gold. By this report it is seen that the world's production of gold in 1895 amounted to $202,750 000, against $181,510,000 in 1894—the production of the latter named year having been greater than in any previous period of twelve months. In 1893 the chief gold production was set down as follows: The United States, $49,250,000; South Africa, $46,750,000; Australia, $45,000,000, and Russia, $29,750,000.

The highest production of gold in the United States (in 1853) was $65,000,000; from which it gradually declined to $33,400 000 in 1875 and rose again to $46,900,000 and $51,200,000 respectively in the years 1877 and 1878. But when the world's product of last year is summed up it exceeds that of the most productive period (1853) which amounted to $155,450,000. It is shown that the production of silver in 1895 was six times as great as in 1858.

What has become of all the gold is a question which Professor Lexis does not undertake to answer with precision. On this point exclusive information appears to be possessed by the Populist statisticians of "Coin's Financial School," who assert that most of the gold of the world is annually consumed in plugging teeth. But the fact has been established that in the ten years from 1885 to 1894 the gold coin by the nations of the world was nearly $806,000,000 greater than the production, although it is impossible to ascertain to what extent recoinage and the application of existing supplies of gold bullion entered into this sum. In the years from 1885 to 1894 the average gold production of the world amounted to $128,836,400, while the average yearly coinage in the same decade was $159,425,000. It is estimated that in 1894 the amount of gold used for other purposes than coinage was $51 250,000, distributed approximately as follows: England, $12,000,000; the United States, $10,750,000; France, $8,375 000; Germany, $8,375,000, and Switzerland, $4,175,000. The figures indicate how little worth there is in the Silverite assertions concerning the consumption of gold in the arts. From two-thirds to three-fourths of the entire production enters into the world's use as money. But if gold should not be used as money at all it would still have great value in the arts and luxuries by reason of its superior malleability, purity, solidity and beauty.

There is no doubt that there is a considerable increase in the world's output of gold, owing to the discovery of new gold fields and the cheaper processes of extracting the metal from the ore, but there is no telling how long this increase may be kept up. But even if it should be kept up indefinitely, the fact remains that the gold mines of the world are owned by comparatively few men who can always control the amount that is coined and goes into active use as money, and these men can thus control the volume of money as far as the gold goes. It is to their interest to keep the volume of gold at such a figure as will prevent it from becoming "cheap, "even supposing that the gold mines yield all that the world needs for money.

It may be said in reply to this that the silver mines are controlled by a comparatively few men, which is true, but while silver is demonetized and gold is the single standard of so many nations silver cannot come into competition with gold and the gold men have a practical monopoly of the world's supply of real money. The world needs silver as a check on the gold manipulators, and the silver miner as a protection from the rapacity of the gold miner.

But taking these figures as at least an approximately accurate statement of the gold production, we would have in round numbers a little less than $203,000,000 for the world. Suppose these figures to be kept up, and after deducting one-third, say, for use in the arts, all the rest were coined, it would give us an increase of about $136,000,000 a year in the world's supply of gold coin. Divide these $136,000,000 among the world's 1,400,000,000 of people and how much would it amount to *per capita*? Less than ten cents. Is there any danger of flooding the world with gold at that rate?

But we know that this gold is not all coined, and that a very considerable portion of it remains in the form of bullion, because it answers the purpose of the large money handlers better in that form than in coin for shipping purposes. They prefer the bullion to coin on account of the waste in coin by abrasion, which is doubtless one of the reasons why so much of it remains in the form of bullion. In view of this fact and the quantity of gold used in the arts, there is little probability of the world being overflooded with gold, even if the output of the mines be much larger than it is now.

But whatever the increase may be, while the single gold standard prevails this metal will be a metal of speculation and a metal for hoarding which will prevent it from becoming a coin for general circulation, for which it is unfitted even if it were not a metal for speculation and hoarding, by its high value. For general circulation there is too much value in too small a coin, and for that reason even if it were abundant enough for general circulation people would not like to carry it and would prefer some other kind of money, either silver or paper. Its high value makes gold, as it has been so often truthfully called, the money of the rich man while silver is the money of the poor man. A dollar in silver is a coin of fair proportions, while a dollar in gold would be lost in a vest pocket and a $2.50 piece would be buried in a handful of nickels. If the world had to depend on gold alone it would soon have to quit business or let a very few men boss the business.

MINOR MENTION.

The organs and spokesmen of the gold standard have either been deluding themselves or attempting to delude others by professing to believe that the free silver sentiment was strong only in the South and in some of the States West of the Missouri river, but the probabilities are that their eyes have been opened since the extraordinary demonstrations of the people all along the line of Mr. Bryan's journeying from Lincoln, Nebraska, to New York city, where he was greeted with such enthusiasm as has welcomed no other man since Grant came fresh from the fields where victory gave him fame. We have had a sufficient expression of popular feeling by this time to know that the sentiment for free silver is not peculiar to the South or the far West, but that it is a potent factor in all the States, and that in some which the so called "sound money" men have been claiming there is every indication that it is the controlling power. Indiana is one of these, in which the situation is thus stated by Hon. W. Boyle, First Assistant Secretary of the Indiana branch of the Farmers' Mutual Benefit Association, who says:

I am certain from the outlook that Bryan and free silver will carry Indiana by from 50,000 to 75,000 majority, and it would not surprise us to see it go to 100,000. Out of 50,000 belonging to our society I find that they stand as follows: Republicans, 27,521; Democrats, 20,818; Populists, 2,100; Prohibitionists, 61. On the money question they stand as follows: For silver, Republicans, 27,093, Democrats, 19 777; Populists, 2,100; Prohibitionists, 81. For gold, Republicans, 428; Democrats, 541; Populists, none; Prohibitionists, 30.

This is corroborated, as far as the sentiment goes, without giving figures, by others, and some of them gold men, including Mr. Bynum, who after a tour through the State said he found the silver sentiment in the rural districts overwhelming. Mr. Bynum, who is said to have his eye on a Federal judgeship, is now one of the chief engineers of the Democratic gold convention, which is to put out a ticket to "help defeat" the nominees of the Chicago Convention.

* * *

The re-nomination of Hon. J. A. Lockhart as the Representative from this district was anticipated, and it was proper that it should come by acclamation, as a just tribute to a gentleman whose ability and qualifications were recognized by his colleagues in Congress, as shown by his selection as a member of several important committees, but also as an expression of opinion as to the action taken in unseating him near the end of the session. As far as he is concerned this unanimous action of the representatives of the Democracy of this district is an endorsement which carries with it a vindication which must be made more emphatic by the endorsement of the people at the polls in November. The majority for Lockhart then must be so large as to leave no ground for the charge of fraud nor for quibbling. No Democratic vote should be lost nor thrown away this year, nor should the vote of any friend of silver, whether he be in line with the Democratic party or not, for there will be a royal battle for silver in the next Congress, and on the result of that battle the fate of bimetallism in this country will depend. Doubtful of their ability to elect their President the opponents of silver are going to make desperate efforts to secure a majority in the next House of Representatives, and for this reason every silver man should be active in the support of the men whom they know will be true to silver. This is a contest not for a man nor for men, but for a great cause and for the people.

* * *

There wasn't any spreadeagle, "boy" oratory in the address delivered by Wm. J. Bryan on the occasion of the notification of his nomination Wednesday evening, but there was a cool, dignified, masterly and thorough statement of the intents and purposes of the party of which he has been made the present standard bearer, a manly defence against the accusations and misrepresentations of its opponents, and a glorious vindication of the representatives of the Democracy who formulated the Chicago platform and nominated the standard bearers to battle for the principles enunciated in that platform. There is no attempt at oratorical display in this address, no flights of fancy, no fascinating word painting nor suggestive, captivating metaphors, but every sentence is a plain appeal to the thought and the reason of the listener who is supposed to be a patriotic citizen and desirous of promoting the happiness and prosperity of his country and of posterity. No unprejudiced man can read that address without recognizing the patriotic spirit that inspires and pervades it, and that he who thus spoke for the people showed good cause why they protest against the wrongs which were therein so clearly and forcibly pointed out. They fail to find in it an "anarchistic" or "communistic" utterance, or a syllable that might not be spoken by a Washington, Jefferson or Jackson.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Candidate Bryan has the advantage of belonging to himself. His candidacy is a great improvement on the syndicate system of running a man.—*New York Journal, Dem*

—— The gentlemen who met at Indianapolis and resolved that two-thirds of the Chicago Convention constituted a minority of the party, and that they themselves are the only ones who realize what is true Democracy, are in grave danger of infringing on the ideas of the tailors of Tooley street.—*Washington Post, Ind.*

—— Every now and then we hear of delegations of workingmen going to Canton, Ohio, to chant to McKinley the praises of protection and yet strange to say labor does not share in the benefits of protection. When the McKinley tariff which was higher than the war tariff of 1881, was in operation wages were reduced in every line of industry and there were more strikes and lockouts than were ever known before in the history of the country. It appears however, that there are still a few working people who can be gulled by the talk of protection bringing high wages.—*New Orleans States, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

— "I'll never ask another woman to marry me as long as I live."
"Turned down again?"
"No: accepted."—*Philadelphia North American.*

— "Does young Whittle know much about politics?"
"Yes, I think he does. He has had several chances to run for office and didn't do it."—*Washington Star.*

— Miss Gowanus—"I envy the way you can talk to Mr. Caustique; he never sits on any of your remarks"
Miss Gotham—"No; I make them too pointed."—*Judge.*

—Maud—Then why did you marry his Grace?
Mary—Oh, why does a woman buy anything she doesn't want?—*Detroit Free Press.*

— "Why do you laugh at his stale jokes?"
"If I did not laugh he would think I did not understand the jokes and would try to explain them.—*Truth.*

— Citizen (offering bonds)—"I own a six story flat house in Harlem."
"Magistrate—"That's all right. Any incumbrance?"
Citizen—"Well, there's the janitor."—*Puck*

— Cumso—"Would you call Senator Milgrubs a successful statesman?"
Cawker—"Yes, indeed! His speculations in sugar alone net him fully $25,000 a year."—*Puck.*

APPOINTMENTS WILMINGTON DISTRICT.

W. S. Rone, Presiding Elder.

Elizabeth circuit, Purdie's, August 15, 16.

Magnolia circuit, Trinity, August 22, 23.

Bladen circuit, Bethel, August 29, 30.

Clinton circuit, Kendall's, September 5, 6.

Mission, Haw Branch, September 12, 13.

Onslow circuit, Swansboro, September 19, 20.

— Greenville *Reflector*: Mrs. John C. Powell died at Falkland Tuesday morning. Mrs. Powell was the wife of one of the managers on the lumber railroad in that section.

Insist on having just what you call for when you go to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla, the One True Blood Purifier and nerve tonic. †

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Raleigh *Press Visitor*: Deputy Sheriff W. J. Sears from White Oak township was in the city this morning and reports a splendid rain last night about Apex. Beyond Apex he says there was one of the worst wind and hail storms he ever saw, ruining crops. Walter Barker, Jack Maynard and others about Green Level say their crops will not be worth gathering. Mr. Sears says the wind cut an oak tree in his front yard square off.

— Pender *Star*: While little Johnnie Lee and her mother were eating supper at their home in Whiteville, Thursday night last, Johnnie was shot through the window and instantly killed, and his mother was wounded. He was an inoffensive boy of about 18 years old, and no motive is ascribed for the dastardly deed. The county is aroused and the clue to the pepetrator will be followed up.

— Clinton *Democrat*: Mr. Henry Matthis died at his home in Taylor's Bridge on Sunday. He had been in feeble health for several years. —— Mrs. James Duncan died at her home in South Clinton Sunday morning. Her death was sudden and unexpected, the result of heart disease. —— Mrs. Patience Barden, relict of the late Woodard Barden, died at her home in Turkey on Monday morning, aged about 87 years. —— A near relative of Hon. Wm. J. Bryan, the Democratic nominee for President, lives in North Clinton township, this county. He is Mr. Allen Whitfield, whose grandmother was a Bryan, and came from the same part of Virginia that the family of candidate Bryan went from.

— Goldsboro *Headlight*: Nathaniel Moore, who murdered his wife near Fremont, on the night of August 1st, is still at large. Reports as to his having been in this section have been circulated several times. —— The sad news reached this city Saturday of the death of Mrs. Eliza Newton Ireland, at her home near Faison, in the 87th year of her age. The deceased was the relic of the late Samuel R. Ireland, one of the pioneer settlers of Sampson county. —— The sad and sudden death of Mrs. James H. Dixon occurred at her home in Georgetown, near this city, Monday evening. She seemed in as good health as usual that morning and had been attending to her domestic work. About 2 o'clock she was taken with a congestive chill and died before medical aid could reach her. She was 24 years of age.

— Kinston *Free Press*: The farmers report that the hot, dry weather is burning up cotton. There is no doubt that cotton and tobacco are both badly cut off by the dry spell following so much rain. —— Mr. Geo. B. Webb is making experiments to develop a new process, originated by himself, to cure tobacco. He has succeeded in curing small parcels of it a bright yellow. He says he expects to cure it from thirty to fifty days without any heat. If this process proves successful he will be able to cure a pound of tobacco to each cubic foot of room space, without any danger of burning, without any attention after first placing it, without chemicals and by a perfectly natural and inexpensive process, retaining all the oils in the tobacco, curing it in a bright color, with a velvety finish, and perfectly curing the stem and leaf. If this proves practical it will be a great saving to the tobacco farmers, and will mean a fortune for Mr. Weeb.

The Valleys of Madagascar.

No great faith is expressed by General Duchesne in the future of railways in Madagascar. "The road built by the French military engineers from Majunga to Andriba was," said the general in conversation with our Paris correspondent, "child's play compared with the difficulties of the country through which the French had to go at an almost running pace. I had taken with me officers of the engineers to survey the country for a military railway, but when they saw the difficulties they gave it up. It looks very easy on a map to go up the valleys, but Madagascar valleys are not like those of other countries. They shrink into gorges and are cut up by mountain ranges. The whole country is a maze, and yet the west road is comparatively easy when compared with the east one from Antananarivo to Tamatave. The latter defies description. I was taken down to Tamatave in a litter by active porters. I cannot make out how we came to our journey's end. Your porters take you through quagmires, tumble down sheer cliffs and push through tangled forests. They cling to the boughs of trees like monkeys and balance themselves on rocks. I am bound to agree with travelers' good opinion of the climate, once you are through the fever zone. I never felt better than on the plateau."—London News.

Anybody Fit For Anything.

In one of his letters to Motley, John Stuart Mill, that English friend of the United States, deplored "the fatal belief of your public that anybody is fit for anything." This optimistic conceit was no doubt developed by the practice of the earlier Americans, who turned their hands to anything, and, thanks to the bounty of a virgin continent, generally with good results. But progress has given rise to specialization, and the American, like the European, has become a specialist. He is learning to do one thing well.

Already the "fatal belief" deprecated by Mill has disappeared from business where it means ruin and bankruptcy, and from manufacturing and transportation where it means arson and murder. But it still survives in our administration of public affairs, where the evil consequences, though greater, are not so strongly felt, because they are less personal, less tangible and more widely diffused. I hesitate to say that anything is or could be worse than our unreformed civil service, yet I suspect the baneful character of what Mill calls that "fatal belief" is most strikingly revealed in our administration of education.—Forum.

Tanning.

The most recent and expeditious process in tanning, according to The Revue Scientifique, consists in passing a current of hydrogen gas or a current of some gaseous compound of hydrogen containing a certain quantity of arsenic through the liquid in which the hides are immersed. The hydrogen is obtained either from the action of commercial sulphuric acid upon zinc or iron or from that of steam upon iron, the calculation being, in fact, that in this case the hydrogen obtained will contain a sufficient quantity of arsenic. The gas, collected under pressure in a gasometer, is introduced into the bottom of the tanning vat through a pipe provided with a series of apertures, and after bubbling up through the liquid it flows out through another pipe affixed to the cover of the vat. Vats of very large dimensions are employed, and the tanning proceeds very rapidly.

Sea Water For City Streets.

The ancient idea of flushing the sewers and gutters of city streets with sea water is being vigorously discussed in many places. In England it has come into such favor that a proposition is now put forward to supply the city of London with sea water. The water would be taken from the sea at a spot not far from Brighton remarkably free from pollution. It would be pumped into a reservoir of 10,000,000 gallons. Thence it would be forced into another reservoir, from which it would gravitate to London. The present consumption of water in London is 200,000,000 gallons a day, of which 40,000,000 gallons is used for municipal purposes. This might be saved for domestic purposes by the introduction of sea water. The cost of the project is put at $2,250,000, and the sea water would be supplied by meter for public purposes at a fraction of the present cost of fresh water. One watering of the streets with sea water is said to be equal to two, or even three, with fresh water. It prevents the decomposition of street refuse, it is effective for flushing sewers, and particularly valuable for the extinction of fire. Of its value to health there is no doubt, and it would be easy to supply it to hospitals and to schools for swimming baths.

A Theater Incident.

"At a theater where the seats are not numbered and to which I had gone early to get a good seat," said a man, "I found just the seat I wanted in the fourth row from the front. In the seat in front of me in the front row sat a man; the seat immediately back of him was vacant, and the seat back of that and directly in front of me was occupied by a small boy, sitting between his father and mother. So that besides a good location I had an unobstructed view, which was one of the things I had in mind in choosing the seat. Of course I had to take the chances on that vacant seat, but the chances were at least even that it would be occupied by a man, and if it was taken by a woman there was a chance that she would not wear a big hat.

"When the theater filled up, that seat was taken by a woman, and she had on a hat which would have covered the grass plot in front of a house in the suburbs, and there grew upon it flowers and things as tall as the hollyhocks in the front yard of a house in the country.

"But she had no sooner taken the seat than she raised her hands and lifted the big hat off. My view was quite unobstructed, after all, and I felt that I had reason to be grateful."—New York Sun.

A Model Regiment.

The story is told of an English militia regiment whose reputation was none of the best that on one occasion a detective from Scotland asked to be allowed to inspect the regiment to discover, if possible, if a certain malefactor were in the ranks. Permission being given, the detective, accompanied by the adjutant of the regiment, made the tour of the various companies, front rank and rear rank. When the official had got to the last man of the rear rank of the rear company, he stopped suddenly and gazed earnestly at the rather embarrassed warrior. "Why, you surely have made a mistake," exclaimed the adjutant indignantly. "Why, you have pitched on the best man in the battalion. He has been with us for more than 20 years and he is our pattern soldier. His arms are a mass of good conduct badges, and he is the example of all that is best in the life of a soldier. You surely do not know him?" "No," replied the detective, "I do not—but I know all the others."—San Francisco Argonaut.

What About Leather?

The question is frequently asked: What is a vegetarian community to use instead of leather? Of course substitutes would have to be found. At present, as hides are a waste product, there is no need to seek further, but when they become scarce other substances will certainly take their place. Other things have already begun to compete with leather. Formerly the doublet and breeches and even bottles were made of that substance. Now we use cloth for bookbinding and other purposes and may have artificial leather boots. Demand always stimulates invention and production. It may therefore be safely predicted that to make ample provision for our clothing, even under a vegetarian regime, is a task not beyond the resources of civilization. We may be sure that if we have followed nature thus far and trusted her for our greater wants she will assuredly not fail us in these lesser things.—Westminster Review.

London Street Hawkers.

The selling of ice cream appears to be the most profitable street hawking trade. The late Carlo Gatti, who first introduced the "penny ice" into the streets of London, once boasted, in a trial for compensation for removal, of having made a profit of £4,000 a year from that source alone.

Starting single handed his success was such that he imported many of his countrymen to help him, with the grand result named.

At the Thames police court not long since a vender of ice creams astonished the presiding magistrate by informing him that he sold for 8 shillings that which originally cost him 1, thus making a profit of 700 per cent.

When the season of the year is not suitable for ices, the street hawkers of that commodity turn their attention either to fruits or baked chestnuts.—London Tit-Bits.

Josiah Taken to Task.

"Josiah, wasn't you tellin me that there wuzn't no Methodists in France?"

"Yes, Miranda."

"Why, here's four columns about Dumas the elder, and he seems to have been a bigger man than any elder we have got in our church. Guess that's another time when you didn't know what you wuz talkin about, Josiah."—Washington Tribune.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It sooths the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

Electric Bitters.

Electric Bitters is a medicine for any season, but perhaps more generally needed, when the languid, exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal bilious fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from the malarial poison. Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. 50c. and $1.00 per bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

No Gripe

When you take Hood's Pills. The big, old-fashioned, sugar-coated pills, which tear you all to pieces, are not in it with Hood's. Easy to take

Hood's Pills

and easy to operate, is true of Hood's Pills, which are up to date in every respect. Safe, certain and sure. All druggists. 25c. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

THE SUSPENDER PAD.

RASTUS—"Here you, Lize, wot yer dun doin' wid my best Sunday suspenses, hey!"

LIZE—"Why, pop, I dun see in der papers dat it's de stile fo' young ladies to wear suspenders now, and I dun borrowed yo'sto' de ball dis evening, and I want to take along your Pick Leaf Smoking Tobacco."

LYON & CO'S PICK LEAF EXTRA SMOKING TOBACCO

Made from the Purest, Ripest and Sweetest leaf grown in the Golden Belt of North Carolina. Cigarette Book goes with each 2-oz. pouch.

ALL FOR 10 CENTS.

A Pleasant, Cool and Delightful Smoke.

LYON & CO. TOBACCO WORKS, DURHAM, N. C.

A Wolf Battue.

Outside the wood was drawn up a small army in three divisions, who, on our approach, shouldered as one man what at first sight looked like guns, but which turned out to be thick sticks. On my inquiring who they were, our host answered that they were our beaters. "Our beaters!" said I. "Why, I thought the men with the huntsman were the beaters." "Oh," laughed he, "those are only the officers of what you call the army." I bowed low with some awe, saying, "Mais, monseigneur, c'est une chasse royale."

The personnel consisted of 1 grand veneur, or chief huntsman; 29 whips, of whom 4 were mounted; 702 beaters and 480 rabatteurs or stops, answering to the few men or boys we in England send to the end of a cover to hit the trees and keep the game from breaking cover—in all 1,212 men. Each man was given a glass of whisky and a piece of black bread, which they ate squatting on the ground. For the few who did not drink whisky there was a large caldron of hot tea. These men were all peasantry on the estate, and they gladly give their services on such an occasion, wolves and foxes being most destructive to their flocks and poultry.—Blackwood's Magazine.

The flowers of many trees, like the oak, elm and hickory, are so inconspicuous that they are popularly supposed to be altogether lacking.

No one knows when Zoroaster was born. The dates given vary between 200 and 6000 years B. C.

Marvelous Results.

From a letter written by Rev J Gunderman, of Dimondale, Mich. we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist church at Rives Junction she was brought down with Pneumonia succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery, it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at R R BELLAMY's drug store. Regular size 50c and $1.00. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 lb Jute		@	6
Standard		@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ lb	12	@	14
Sides ℔ lb	6	@	7
Shoulders ℔ lb	6	@	6¼
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ lb	4	@	4¼
Shoulders ℔ lb		@	4
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ lb	23	@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ lb	15	@	
Northern	23	@	
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks	40	@	42½
Virginia Meal	40	@	42½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	1 20
CANDLES—℔ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE ℔ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State		@	10
COFFEE—℔ lb—			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	13	@	17
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¾
Yarns ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen	9	@	8
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	3 25
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 75	@	6 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ lb	5	@	10
" Extra	3 35	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Low grade	3 25	@	3 00
Choice	3 25	@	3 35
Straight	4 10	@	4 50
First Patent	4 45	@	4 47
GLUE—℔ lb—	7½	@	
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			45
Corn, from store, bags—White,	45	@	45
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White		@	42½
Corn, cargo, in bags—White		@	40
Oats, from store	30	@	32½
Oats, Rust Proof	40	@	40
Cow Peas	40	@	
HIDES, ℔ lb—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs—			
Eastern		@	1 05
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ lb	2	@	2¼
LARD, ℔ lb—			
Northern	5	@	6
North Carolina	6	@	10
LIME ℔ barrel		@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed), ℔ M feet—			
Ship Stuff resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	22
" " " in bbls		@	23
Porto Rico, in hhds	25	@	29
" " in bbls		@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@	14
" " in bbls	14	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	13	@	
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut 60d basis	2 35	@	2 64
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	8 00
Rump		@	7 50
Prime		@	7 50
ROPE, ℔ lb	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	65
Lisbon		@	
American		@	65
On 125 lb Sacks	40	@	45
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ lb—Standard Granu'd		@	4⅞
Standard A		@	4⅝
White Ex. C		@	4⅜
Extra C, Golden	4	@	4¼
C Yellow		@	3
SOAP, ℔ lb—Northern	3¼	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	8 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
TALLOW, ℔ lb	5	@	
WHISKEY ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL, ℔ lb—Washed	12	@	14
Unwashed	9	@	10

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, August 13.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market firm at 23¼ cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 21¼ cents for country casks. Sales later at 23½ @21½c.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 32½ per bbl for Strained and $1 37½ for Good Strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1 05 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Steady. Hard $1 20, Yellow Dip 1 55, Virgin 1 65 per barrel.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 25½@24½c; rosin, strained, $1 15; good strained, 1 20; tar, 1 35; crude turpentine, $1 10, 1 60, 1 80.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	124
Rosin	256
Tar	70
Crude Turpentine	32

Receipts same day last year—208 casks spirits turpentine, 758 bbls rosin, 442 bbls tar, 94 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market quiet on a basis of 7⅛c for middling.

Same day last year, middling 7c.

Receipts—1 bale; same day last year, 0

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 45@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c.

CORN—Firm; 38 to 40 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams 9 to 10c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 7½c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1 60 to 2 25; six inch, $2 50 to 3.50; seven inch, $5 50 to 6.50

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.00 to 7.50 per M.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, August 13—Evening.—Money on call easier at 2½@4 per cent; last loan at 2½, closing offered at at 2½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 6@6½ per cent. Sterling exchange dull, easy; actual business in bankers bills at 486¼@486½ for sixty days and 487¼ @487½ for demand. Commercial bills 485¼@485¾. Government bonds were steady; United States coupon fours 106, United States twos 91½ bid. State bonds quiet; North Carolina fours 95; North Carolina sixes 110 bid. Railroad bonds were higher.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was unchanged.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13—Evening.—Cotton dull; middling gulf 8¼c; middling uplands 8c.

Cotton futures—market closed steady. August 7 79, September 7 45, October 7 52, November 7 49, December 7 54, January 7 57, February 7 61, March 7 65, April 7 69. Sales 231,400 bales.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross 751 bales; exports to Great Britain — bales; to France — bales; to the Continent, 833 bales; forwarded 51 bales; sales — bales; sales to spinners — bales; stock (actual) 67,600 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 2,957 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,606 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 635 bales; stock 136,942 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 12,355 bales; exports to Great Britain 14,246 bales; to France 1,250 bales; to the Continent 4,854 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 5,176 865 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,253,733 bales; exports to France 464 564 bales; exports to the Continent 1 783,818 bales.

Flour was steady and unchanged; Southern flour dull and steady; common to fair extra $2 00@2 60; good to choice $2 60@2 90. Wheat—spot quiet and easier; options were fairly active and unsettled, advancing ⅛c, rallying ⅜c and closing steady at ⅜c over yesterday; No. 2 red August 62½c; September 62¼; October 63⅛c; November 64⅛c; December 65c; May —c. Corn—spot dull and weaker; No 2 28⅜c at elevator and 29⅜c afloat; options were more active and closed steady at ⅛@⅝c decline: August 28⅝c; September 28⅜c; October 29⅛c; December 30⅜c; May 32⅜c. Oats—spot dull and easier; options dull, steady; August 20⅜c; September 20⅝c; October 20⅝ spot—price unchanged; No. 2 —c; No. 2 white 24¼@24½c; mixed Western 21@23c. Hay was quiet; shipping 63½@65c; good to choice 90@95c. Lard quiet and firmer; Western steam $3 65 city $3 25; September $3 55; refined lard quiet and steady at quotations; Continent $4 15; South America $4 75, compound $3 87½@4 12½. Pork-demand fair; steady; old mess $8 00@8 25; new $8 00 @8 75. Butter firmer and demand fair; State dairy 10@14½c; do. creamery 11½ @16c; Western dairy 9@12c; do creamery —c; Elgins 15½@16. Eggs steady, quiet; State and Pennsylvania 13@13½c; Western fresh 11@12c; do. per case 50c@$2 40. Cotton seed oil steady and quiet, crude 19@20, yellow 22½@23c. Rice steady, quiet; domestic, fair to extra 4⅜c; Japan 4@4⅛c. Molasses was dull and steady; New Orleans, open kettle, good to choice 27@37c. Peanuts steady, quiet; fancy hand-picked 4@4½. Coffee steady and unchanged to 5 points down; September $9 70@9 75; October $9 25@9 30, December $9 05; January $9 05 March $9 05@9 10; May $9 05; spot Rio was dull; No. 7, $11 00@11 00. Sugar —raw steady; demand fair; fair refining 3; centrifugal, 96 test —c; refined quiet and unchanged.

CHICAGO, Aug. 13.—Cash quotations: Flour was dull and easy; hard wheat, sping bankers were quotable at $3 40@3 65 in wood; other grades were unchanged in quotations. Wheat—No. 2 spring 53@54⅜c; No. 2 red 57¾@59c. Corn—No. 2, 22⅛@22⅜c. Oats—No 2 16@16⅛c. Mess pork, per bbl, $6 40 @6 45. Lard, per 100 lbs, $3 15@3 20. Short rib sides, loose, per 100 lbs, $3 30@3 40. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, per 100 lbs, $3 75@4 00. Short clear sides, boxed, per 100 lbs $3 62½@3 65. Whiskey $1 22.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing. Wheat—August 54, 54⅝, 53, 54⅝c; September 54¾, 55⅜, 53¾, 55¼@55⅜c; December 58¼@58⅜, 59, 57⅝, 58⅝@58⅞; Corn—August 23⅝, 23⅝, 17⅞, 22⅝c; September 23⅛, 23⅛, 22⅜, 22⅞c; May 27, 27⅛, 26⅜, 27c. Oats—September 15⅛ @15⅜, 15⅝, 15, 15⅝@15⅜; May 18⅛@18⅝, 19⅛@19⅛, 18⅜, 19. Mess pork—September $6 30, 6 45, 6 20, 6 45; October $6 00, 6 07½, 6 00, 6 07½; January $7 00, 7 05, 6 87½, 7 02½. Lard—September $3 17½, 3 27½, 3 15½, 3 27½; October $3 25, 3 22½, 3 22½, 3 33½; January $3 57½, 3 65, 3 55, 3 65. Short ribs—September $ 22½, 3 32½, 3 17½, 3 32½; October $3 30, 3 37½, 3 25, 3 37½; January $3 42½, 3 50, 3 37½, 3 50.

BALTIMORE, August 13.—Flour dull. Wheat steady; spot and August 59⅜@59⅝c; September 60¼@60½c; Steamer No. 2 red 56⅜@56⅝c; Southern by sample 59@61½c; do on grades 58@61c. Corn weak; spot 27½@27⅝c; August 27½@27⅝c; September 27½@27⅝c; October 28@28½c; Steamer mixed 24⅜ @24⅝c; Southern white 28⅜@29c; do yellow 29@29½c. Oats weak; No. 2 white 26@27c; No. 2 mixed 23½@24c.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

August 13—Galveston, steady at 7⅜, net receipts 615 bales; Norfolk, firm at 7⅜, net receipts 21 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 8, net receipts — bales; Boston, dull at 8, net receipts 66 bales; Wilmington, quiet at 7⅛, net receipts — bales; Philadelphia, firm at 8¼, net receipts — bales; Savannah, quiet at 7c, net receipts 110 bales, 93 new; New Orleans, quiet at 7 5-16, net receipts 2,118 bales, all new; Mobile, nominal at 7⅛, net receipts 9 bales, all new; Memphis, steady at 7⅛, net receipts 18 bales; Augusta, quiet at 7⅛ net receipts 114 bales; Charleston, steady at 7⅛, net receipts 18 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, August 13–12.30 P. M.—Cotton, demand moderate and prices easier. American middling 4 11 32d. Sales 10,000 bales, of which 8 400 were American; speculation and exports 500. Receipts none. Futures opened easy and demand fair. August 4 8 64@4 9-64d; August and September 4 5 64@4 4-64d; September and October 4, 4 1 64 @3 63 64d; October and November 3 63 64, 3 63-64, 3 61 64@3 62 64d; November and December 3 61-64, 3 62 64 @3 61 64d; December and January 3 61 64, 3 63 64, 3 61-64, 3 60-64@3 61-64d; January and February 3 62 64, 3 61-64, 3 60 64@3 61-64d; February and March 3 62 64d; March and April 4@3 63 64d; April and May 4 1 64d; May and June 4 2 64d. American spot grades 1-16d lower; American middling fair 4 23-32d; good middling 4 13 32d; middling 4 9 32d; low middling 4 3-16d; good ordinary 4 1-16d; ordinary 3⅞d. Futures on the decline.

4 P. M.—August 4 8 64d seller; August and September 4 4-64d seller; September and October 3 63 64@4d buyer; October and November 3 61-64@3 62-64d; November and December 3 60 64@3 61-64d buyer; December and January 3 60 64@3 61-64d buyer; January and February 3 61-64d; February and March 3 62 64d seller; March and April 3 63-64d seller; April and May 4d seller; May and June 4 1 64d seller. Futures closed barely steady.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., August 14, 1896.

SCHOONERS.

Seth M Todd, 187 tons, Johnson, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

W C Wickham, 318 tons, Edwin, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Augusta, (Nor). — tons, Fernebo, Paterson, Downing & Co.

Madre (Ital), 447 tons, Scotto, Heide & Co.

Rosa Eliane (Fr), 550 tons, Le Croix, Heide & Co.

Emiranda, 563 tons, Duncan, to master.

MAXTON BUILDING —AND— LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton, N. C.

DIRECTORS.

J. D. Croom, Maxton.
Ed. McRae, Maxton.
J. H. Kinsey, Maxton.
G. B. Sellers, Maxton.
G. B. Patterson, Maxton.
Wm. H. Bernard, Wilmington.
E. F. McRae, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits on Six Series of Stock in this Association have been over

Fourteen Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share. Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B. HARKER, Secretary.

je 8 tm

UP TO DATE

Livery and Sales Stable.

Southerland & Cowan,

108, 110 Second Street, between Princess and Chesnut.

OUR SERVICE IS FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY particular. Finest Horses in town. First class equipages. Polite attention. All calls and orders day and night promptly attended to.

TELEPHONE NO. 15. TELEPHONE NO 15.

Telephone calls answered any hour day or night. Special attention given to Boarding Horses. Box Stalls and Careful Grooming for Stabling Horses. Hacks and Baggage Line to all trains going and coming, at usual prices. Carriage for Railroad Call 1.10.

Prices Uniform to All Comers.

Hearse Exclusive for Whites $5.00. Carriage for funeral, $2 50. Hearse for White and Colored, $4 00. Horse and Buggy one hour, $1.00; afternoon $2.00. Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.50. Horse and Surry one hour, $1 00; afternoon, $3.00. Team and Trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.00. Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon, $1.50. Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1.00 per load.

Open 365 days and 365 nights in a year. mar 29 tf

Experienced Riders.

Are built in the Largest and Best Equipped Factory in the World.

Highest of High Grades.

select the Waverley because they have learned to know the difference between a wheel that is actually high grade and one that is simply claimed to be. Some others may be good but the Waverley is the highest of all high grade. Scorcher (8 heights) $85.0 . Belle 26 and 28 inch $75 00 and $85.00.

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Castoria

For Infants and Children.

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the pent up bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children." DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"For several years I have recommended 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARDEE, M.D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTYN, D.D., New York City.

What is Castoria

A Practically Perfect Preparation For Children's Complaints

C·A·S·T·O·R·I·A

CASTORIA

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AT DRUGGISTS AND FANCY STORES.

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IS HAPPY, FRUITFUL MARRIAGE."

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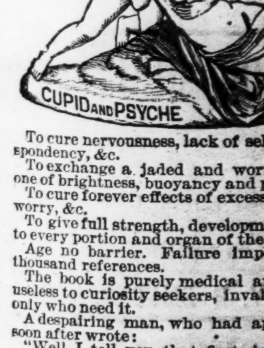

To cure nervousness, lack of self-control, despondency, &c.

To exchange a jaded and worn nature for one of brightness, buoyancy and power.

To cure forever effects of excesses, overwork, worry, &c.

To give full strength, development and tone to every portion and organ of the body.

Age no barrier. Failure impossible. Two thousand references.

The book is purely medical and scientific, useless to curiosity seekers, invaluable to men only who need it.

A despairing man, who had applied to us, soon after wrote:

"Well, I tell you that first day is one I'll never forget. I just bubbled with joy. I wanted to hug everybody and tell them my old self had died yesterday, and my new self was born to-day. Why didn't you tell me when I first wrote that I would find it this way?"

And another thus:

"If you dumped a cart load of gold at my feet it would not bring such gladness into my life as your method has done."

Write to the ERIE MEDICAL COMPANY, Buffalo, N. Y., and ask for the little book called "COMPLETE MANHOOD." Refer to this paper, and the company promises to send the book, in sealed envelope, without any marks, and entirely free, until it is well introduced.

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REAL ESTATE AGENT, Wilmington, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwellings for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Cash loaned on improved city real estate. sep 10 t

The Morning Star.

THE TWILIGHT OF FORGIVENESS.

If this importunate heart trouble your peace
With words lighter than air
And hopes that in mere hoping flicker and cease,
Crush the rose in your hair,
Cover your lips with rose heavy twilight and say:
"O hearts of wind blown flame,
O winds, elder than changing of night and day,
That longing and murmuring came
From marble cities loud with tabors of old in dove gray fairy lands,
From battle banners, fold upon purple fold
Queens wrought with glimmering hands:
That saw young Niam hover with lovelorn face
Above the wandering tide,
And lingered in the hidden desolate place
Where the last phœnix died,
And gathered the flames above his holy head,
And still murmur and long—
O piteous hearts, changing till change be dead
In a tumultuous song!"
Then cover the pale blossoms of your breast
With your dim, shadowy hair,
And trouble with sighs for all hearts without rest
The rose heavy twilight there.

—W. B. Yeats in Saturday Review.

HIS REMARKABLE COURTSHIP.

A Psychic Phenomenon Vouched For by a Confirmed Bachelor.

"Four or five years ago," said a bachelor in conversation with a reporter, "I had a sweetheart that I was deeply in love with and wanted to marry, but I was afraid to ask her. At that time I was making a study of psychic phenomena and that sort of thing, and it occurred to me to make a psychical proposal by projecting my subjective mind around the corner to where the girl lived and fixing it up all ready for me when I should take my objective mind around to have the affair ratified. I went to see her Thursday evening and felt sure that if I asked her I would get her, notwithstanding she was about equally interested in a friend of mine, whom I shall call George. Having doubts as to my courage, I determined to make a test the next evening instead of going to see her, so I retired early—that is, about 9 o'clock—and, according to formula, I exerted my mental faculties to their utmost and directed all my mental energies upon the girl and willed with all my power that she accept me. For half an hour fully I shut out every thought but this important one and went to sleep or into a trance under the mental strain. I awoke an hour or two later and felt that my efforts had been a success, and that it would be all right next day when I called. I felt so encouraged that I went to sleep and dreamed beautiful dreams of her till morning. At 8 o'clock next afternoon I called to make my real proposal. I talked to her on some trivial subject or other for half an hour and then came to the all important matter.

"'Did you feel any peculiar mental or emotional sensations last evening?' I asked.

"She blushed violently, and I was sure that my subjective proposal had hit center.

"'How did you know anything about it?' she replied, laughing somewhat nervously.

"'Oh, that's all right.' I smiled triumphantly. 'What time did it occur?'

"'Really, I don't know, but it must have been about 9:30. I remember that I thought it odd that the clock should strike just as it happened.'

"'Wasn't it remarkable?'

"I was coming to it by degrees and wanted to see just where I was.

"'No, I don't think it was,' she answered indignantly. 'George has always loved me, and his proposal last night was quite what I expected. We are to be married in June.'"—Washington Star.

EFFORTLESS SPEECH.

The Effect of Small Talk Upon Cerebral Deterioration.

How much actual cerebral deterioration is the result of effortless speech must be a matter of speculation. Of course mere loquacity is unattended by proper cerebral exercise or intellectual effort, and even if a variety of words be used such are not the product of healthy cerebration. Those who see much of the insane recognize under certain conditions the significance of such volubility, for it is often the precursor of mania or other mental disturbances. It is rather the province of the writer to show the actual involution that accompanies an improper or careless use of the speech centers in the apparently healthy person than as an expression of brain disease.

A number of polysyllabic words are used to express the disturbances of speech that follow the misuse of the mental and mechanical apparatus concerned in its production. These include the transposition of words or syllables, the grammatical vices or the exaggeration of emotional speech. Under some circumstances the resulting disorders may closely resemble those due to actual structural disease of the brain, attended by disorganization of the speech centers, but usually the perversion is functional, though obstinate, and bears the same relation to organic speech defects that hysteria or other functional nervous conditions do to real disease. Some of this morbid derangement, when there is hyperautomatism, resembles certain well known forms of "cramp" due to the repetition of such acts as writing or those of a limited kind among artisans or musicians, where a small group of muscles is the seat of spasm, and these forms are designated as writers' cramp, telegraphers' cramp, violinists' cramp, etc. Under such circumstances there is usually little participation of thought in the oft repeated act, which becomes habitual, and the directing power is of an unconscious kind.

The so called "baby talk" of silly people, the form of trivial conversation which consists in the use of diminutives and is employed especially by young lovers or by those who for the first time stray into the devious and flowery paths of matrimony, are examples of this defect which supplants the vigorous and wholesome expression of genuine feeling. This condition of affairs may sometimes amount to more than a mere eccentricity and indicates a real failure upon the part of the individual to keep his word symbols well in mind and in order.—Allan McLane Hamilton in Century.

Washington at Twenty-seven.

"At the time of his marriage, when in his twenty-seventh year, Washington was in the prime of his magnificent physical manhood," writes General A. W. Greely, U. S. A., in The Ladies' Home Journal. "Fortunately contemporaneous sources do not leave the description of his person to our imagination. Such was already his exalted standing that these pen portraits omit entirely or modify what might be thought to be defects, as, for instance, the disfiguring facial marks from smallpox. Straight as an Indian, with limbs cast almost in a giant's mold—he was 6 feet 3 inches tall at the time of his death—his self contained countenance, agreeable speech and dignified bearing made his personality most impressive. Probably half of his time at home was spent in the saddle, and this active out of door life gave him a glow of health and sense of vigor.

"We learn from his intimate friend, George Mercer, interesting details. His skin was clear and colorless, the nose straight, the face long, with high, round cheekbones, the blue gray and widely separated eyes shadowed by heavy brows, a large, mobile mouth, showing teeth somewhat defective, the muscular arms and legs unusually long and a well shaped head, gracefully poised on a superb neck. The brown hair was worn in a cue and the small waist well set off by neatly fitting garb."

The Impromptu Missed Fire.

"What do you intend to say to the bride when you go up to speak to her?" asked a young man of a lady of his acquaintance at a recent wedding.

"Well, as the bridegroom is a relative of mine, I think I shall say that I am very glad to have such a nice new cousin," was the answer.

"Then I will follow directly after you and tell her that I wish I could say the same."

When the moment arrived, the young man did not hear the lady's greeting; but, supposing that she had carried out her part of the programme as arranged, he pressed the bride's hand and said:

"I wish that I could say the same."

A look of surprise came over her face, and the other lady turned with a laugh and exclaimed:

"Oh, I forgot all about our agreement and told her that I was having such a good time at her wedding."—New York Journal.

POWER OF FLIGHT IN BIRDS.

The Graceful Swallow, the Swift Moving Humming Bird and Others.

How wonderful and beautiful is the power of flight, and yet from the smallest insect that is tossed about by the gentle summer breeze to the great golden eagle that is capable of carrying a young lamb to his eyrie all are masters of the art.

A large portion of the living animal world has wings and can use them. When watching a swallow's infinite power upon the wing, one feels like rephrasing the cry of Richard III, "My kingdom for a horse," to "My kingdom for a pair of wings."

Perhaps among our most common birds the swallows are the most graceful and skillful of flight. Before a rain along our country roads the barn and white bellied swallows are always to be seen cutting the air in graceful curves, now skimming the roads, now rising abruptly to sail over the stone wall and float out across some neighboring meadow. They love the sea also and wing their way over its surface with marvelous skill.

The chimney swift surpasses in the power of endurance even the swallows. Uncanny birds they are, far more like bats. Their flight is not as graceful as the swallow's, but in a way more erratic. They rest only in the chimneys or hollow trees, even gathering the twigs for the construction of their nests while on the wing. Their food also is taken when on flight—in fact, the chimney swift's life is spent in the heavens. "Perpetual motion" must be their motto, for but a few moments out of each 24 hours are spent at rest in the chimney's sooty depths.

The opposite of the swallow's and the swift's flight, one might say, is that of the kingbird. Jerky, spasmodic, ungraceful as it is in the extreme, and yet powerful, for the kingbird among crows certainly deserves his name. As all true tyrannidæ, he is an expert fly catcher and is very dexterous and often absurd in pursuit, tumbling over himself in his hurry to catch some dainty insect.

When a robin crosses the sky so one can really see his flight, he is one of the few birds that look as if they really were going somewhere. Direct, even and steady are the characteristics of the flight when really on the wing with some distant point in view.

The erratic and wonderfully rapid flight of the humming birds is marvelous, and the human eye can only vaguely follow their winding course. Such strength of wing for so tiny a body seems almost incredible. Their migration southward from New England extends to South America.

The phœbe's flight is very like that of the kingbirds, and his tumblings when in pursuit of insects are almost identical, but his long flights do not denote such power, nor, I think, such rapidity.

The wonderful feats of the carrier pigeons have become famous, and the distance that they cover in a given time is hardly to be believed. Each down beat of their wings looks as if they were flying in a denser atmosphere than air, so much power is shown.

The bats' crazy movements in the evening twilight are absurd, full of plunges, turnings, twistings, rapid flappings and tumbles, and yet they seem to know where they are going, and most certainly do.

The movements of a hawk or eagle in the upper air are graceful and magnificent. What must the sensation be of sailing about so easily in the heavens? Rising and falling, sailing and gliding, diving down with frightful speed, and yet the whole body is in perfect command.—Boston Transcript.

A Lesson In Natural History.

A gilded steer above the cupola on the Exchange building at the stockyards tells the cattlemen which way the wind blows. The steer is a work of art and much admired, and yet it remains a contradiction to the belief that cattlemen are observers of the habits of cattle.

"What does a steer do when the wind blows hard?" an old plains cattleman was asked.

"He turns his tail to the wind, humps his back and waits for fair weather," answered the plainsman.

"There's a steer that doesn't," said his questioner, pointing to the gilded steer on the cupola, which faced a ten mile an hour wind, disregarding the well known habit of his kind.

"Well, if that ain't so, I'll be beat," said the old cattleman. "But it's just like the market, goes by contraries. Perhaps that's why it faces the wind. But I guess more likely they let the contract for that vane to a tenderfoot who never saw a steer and never was out of the city."

Down in the yards the wind blew from the north, and every steer and cow had its back to the wind and stood humped up, placidly chewing its cud.

The pictures of plains cattle in a storm by Frederic Remington all show the cattle with heads away from the wind, and plainsmen swear to the correctness of Remington's pictures. To be consistent, the gilded steer over the cupola should be reset to do as do his brethren on the plains and in the pens of the stockyards. As it is he is an annoyance to many of the cattlemen at the yards, who are consistent in all things.—Kansas City Star.

Novel Fire Engine.

A quadricycle, composed of two tandem bicycles arranged side by side, has just been invented in Paris, to serve as a fire engine in cases of emergency. It is worked by four men and is fitted up with the necessary hose pipes and fittings, which occupy the space between the riders. On reaching the scene of action it will be the work of a minute to bring the hose pipes into play on the fire and a jet of water of 30 meters in length and 22 meters in height can be discharged on a building. It is estimated that 18,000 liters of water can be brought into play per hour. This novel machine has the advantage in speed over the present fire engine.—New York Tribune.

Not a Star Convert.

Deacon Jones—So John Carvel is among the converted?

Deacon Brown—Yes, but Carvel is without a past. He won't cut any figure at praise meetings. Really, I don't believe he ever was much of a sinner in all his life.—Boston Transcript.

To Attract the Bees.

If you want the bees to visit your garden, and if you know anything of plant life you are aware that they are a necessity, invite them by having plants which bear blue blossoms. Sir John Lubbock says they manifest a decided preference for that color.

FLATS IN LONDON.

The English Fear That They Will Alter the National Character.

It is maintained by some sociologists that the custom of living in flats instead of in separate tenements will, if universally adopted, create an entirely different type of national character. They point to the well known instance of the Kentucky cave fish, a species in which, as a result of many generations spent in darkness, the organ of sight has entirely perished, and they urge that the English "flat fish," if without offense we may so describe him, will ultimately be affected in some equally marked manner by his surroundings. Possibly the muscles which we at present employ in the ascent and descent of stairs will in the course of centuries dwindle and become aborted through the constant use of the lift, while it is not impossible that the tendency to early marriages among the class of female domestics may be profoundly modified by the practice of carrying on flirtations with the baker through the speaking tube.

These, however, are remote speculations. Evolutionary processes much speedier in their action may and indeed must be set on foot under the conditions of life in a flat. For one thing, it tends inevitably to promote the tacit formation of a new code of social manners. The practice of piling up human abodes one on the top of another instead of side by side and the consequent necessity imposed upon their occupants of employing some common means of ingress to and egress from their respective dwellings almost compel them to establish conventions of their own.

There arises, so to speak, a "vertical" etiquette of social life which differs from the lateral form prevailing among the inhabitants of detached, semidetached or even doubly attached houses. What, for instance, is the "true inwardness" of the lift? Is it to be regarded as a common apartment, like the coffee room of a hotel, or merely as a common conveyance, like a railway carriage or an omnibus? For, according as it is one or the other, so may the intimacy which it creates or implies as between those who are continually meeting each other therein be held to vary in amount.

Then, again, there is the burning question of the piano, which indeed has already engaged the attention of the law courts. It is obvious that the use of this instrument in a flat, where the performer is usually nearer, though not on that account dearer, to his, or, more often, her audience than is the case with separate houses, requires stricter regulations than are needed elsewhere. It is a question in which the excellent maxim of the Roman law, "so use thy own property as not to injure that of others," does not help so much. It is difficult to say at what hour in the morning or to what time of night the pianist may begin or may continue to use this disturbing piece of property without detracting from the amenities of a neighbor's abode. One thing seems pretty clear—that in this, as in other like matters, the etiquette observed among flat dwellers should be of a more rather than of a less ceremonious description than that to which people living next door to each other need conform. And among what may be called the aristocracy of flatland there is reason to believe that this obligation is sufficiently recognized.—London Telegraph.

IN A GREEK CAFE.

The Fare Was Atrocious, but the Charges Were Regal.

Neither was Mahmoud with me when I went to the Greek fair, within a mile of the Sweet Waters, the beautiful fountain and the more beautiful houris whose eyes shone large and luminous through their thin veils. This day the air was delicious, the sky like a delf plate, with puffs of white clouds in high relief. For hours I watched the merry go rounds and the jugglers on their mats until I grew hungry enough for even a Greek cafe—and it is a brave and reckless appetite that dares an oriental kitchen.

This cafe was under a tree, with a few pine boards for a table, the galley being within handing distance, with a charcoal fire blazing. The abominations of stew and fry and toastings were intolerable, but I succeeded in getting a box of sardines and half a pint of native wine, a loaf of bread and some raw tomatoes and salt, with a bit of onion, which I gathered up and spread out on the pine boards. When the combination of chef, head waiter and proprietor, all covered by one fez, presented his bills, it amounted to a sum that would have supported an oriental and his family for a month.

There are occasions when your individual pantomime is more effective than the closest translation of your spoken words. Mine to mine host ended in an abrupt turning on my heel, with hands tightly clenched. When the crowd began to take sides with the Greek and matters assumed an ugly look, I threw upon the ground a silver coin equal to one-fourth of the charge. This turned the tide. The bystanders considered the sum too appallingly large even for a Greek fair.—F. Hopkinson Smith in Century.

Working For Uncle Sam.

There are government positions which hold out excellent possibilities in the way of developing a young man's qualities, writes Edward W. Bok in The Ladies' Home Journal. But these are rare. For the most part, and on general principles, I would not advise any young man to enter the employ of the government—that is, if he has any ambition. A government position holds out attraction to the average young man because he feels it is safe—that is, so far the payment of his salary is concerned. Then, too, he is apt to believe that government salaries are somewhat higher than the salaries attached to civil pursuits. But, to my mind, he buys these "sure" elements at a very dear cost to himself.

The average government clerkship is a very poor affair. Not only is it poor in itself; but, in ninety cases out of a hundred, it means pure clerical routine. It has about it a peculiar stifling monotony and restraint which are apt to quench the fire of ambition. Promotion is impossible upon the same lines as in a business house. The chances for development are meager. While there are exceptions to the general rule, government service is not the best thing for any young fellow. He will be wiser if he enters into the more fearless freedom of civil pursuits and leaves the average government position alone. In the first, he can be what he likes; in the latter, it is doubtful.

Got It Mixed.

"When is a ship like a woman? When she is in stays."

"By George," exclaimed Fenderson when he heard this old timer, "I'll spring that on the boarders tonight!" and he did. When they had all given it up, he exclaimed with pride and pleasure in his eyes, 'When it has its corset on—no; that doesn't sound just right either. But I'm sure it was something about corsets, and it struck me as pretty cute when I heard it."—Boston Transcript.

You will find one coupon inside each two ounce bag and two coupons inside each four ounce bag of Blackwell's Durham. Buy a bag of this celebrated tobacco and read the coupon—which gives a list of valuable presents and how to get them.

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Ten Acres in a Day.

WILL CUT ANY KIND OF GRASS.

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The tobacco habit grows on a man until his nervous system is seriously affected, impairing health, comfort and happiness. To quit suddenly is too severe a shock to the system, as tobacco to an inveterate user becomes a stimulant that his system continually craves. "Baco-Curo" is a scientific cure for the tobacco habit, in all its forms, carefully compounded after the formula of an eminent Berlin physician who has used it in his private practice since 1872, without a failure. It is purely vegetable and guaranteed perfectly harmless. You can use all the tobacco you want while taking "Baco-Curo." It will notify you when to stop. We give a written guarantee to cure permanently any case with three boxes, or refund the money with 10 per cent interest. "Baco-Curo" is not a substitute, but a scientific cure, that cures without the aid of will power and with no inconvenience. It leaves the system as pure and free from nicotine as the day you took your first chew or smoke.

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Yours respectfully, P. H. MARBURY, Pastor C. P. Church, Clayton, Ark.

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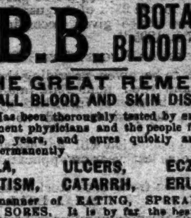

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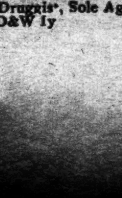

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Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table.

In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST. 3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. 4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
	3 20	Goldsboro	11 25	
....	4 12	Kinston	10 33	....
5 15	5 25	Newbern	9 17	9 30
6 37	6 42	Morehead City	8 01	8 17
P. M	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11 35 a. m., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 p. m., and with W. N. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3 00 p. m., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 p. m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

S. L. DILL, Sup't.

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In Effect Sunday, May 17, 1896

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND *6	†8	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND †7	‡5
A M	P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
	2 00	Lv...Mulberry street...Ar	12 40	
7 00	2 10	Lv....Surry street.....Ar	12 30	3 25
9 50		Ar...Jacksonville.......Lv		12 15
11 00	3 58	Lv " Ar	10 42	10 2?
11 58	4 30	Lv..Maysville.........Lv	10 09	9 18
12 70	4 44	Lv..Pollocksville.......Lv	9 55	8 ?0
1 8?	5 2	Ar..Newbern.........Lv	9 20	8 ?0
	P M		A M	

Nos. 5 and 6 mixed trains.

Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.

Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Steamer Geo D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.

*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

‡Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

†Daily except Sunday.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. my 23 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT June 20, 1896.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.25 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.52 a m, Warsaw 11.06 a m, Goldsboro 12.01 a m, Wilson 12.52 p m, Rocky Mount 1.35 p m, Tarboro 2.40 p m, Weldon 3.33 p m, Petersburg 5.29 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 3.30 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 p m, Warsaw 8.43 p m, Goldsboro 9.36 p m, Wilson 10.23 p m, †Tarboro 7.03 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 p m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 10.40 a m, Petersburg 2.38 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.23 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.29 p m, Florence 7.10 p m, Sumter 8.53 p m, Columbia 10.15 p m, Denmark 6.20 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.53 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 9.10 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave *Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.55 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.10 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.45 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.03 a m, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.20 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 5.58 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 7.57 a m, Magnolia 8.10 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 a m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 7.00 a m, Sanford 1.55 p m, Jacksonville 7.00 p m, Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.55 a m, Columbia 5.45 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 7.10 a m, Florence 8.50 a m, Marion 9.31 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.16 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 p m, Halifax 4.13 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 p m, Greenville 6.47 p m, Kinston 7 45 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m. Arriving Halifax at 11 00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Parmele 8.50 a m and 3 40 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9 50 a m and 6 20 p m, arrives Washington 11 25 a m and 7.10 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily at 5.30 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily at 7.40 a m., Arrive Tarboro 9.45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 00 a m; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 7.2? a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 7 50 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 15 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 8 20 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m, and 11 3? a m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9 05 a. m, arrive Latta 9.21 a m, Dillon 9 36 a m, Rowland 9 52 a m., returning leaves Rowland 6 16 p m, arrives Dillon 6.26 p m, Latta 6.37 p m, Pee Dee 6.58 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 12.55 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8 40 a m and 9 20 a m, arrive Darlington 9 20 and 9 50 a m, leave Darlington 9 40 a m, arrive Cheraw 11 ?9 a m Wadesboro 1 30 p m. Returning leave Wadesboro 2 p m, Cheraw 3 40 p m, Darlington 7.43 a m and 6 05 p m, arrive Florence 8.15 a m and 6 50 p m. Daily except Sunday. Sunday trains leave Floyd 7 30 a m, Darlington 8 45 a m, arrive Florence 9 10 a m. Returning leave Florence 9 a m, Darlington 9 30 a m, arrive Floyd 9 50 a m. Trains leave Gibson 6 15 a m, Bennettsville 6 41 a m, arrive Darlington 7.40 a m, Sumter 9 30 a m. Returning, leave Sumter 6 30 p m Darlington 8 15 p m, arrive Bennettsville 9 09 p m, Gibson 9 35 p m.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 06 p m, Manning 6.35 p m, arrive Lane's 7 12 p m, leave Lanes 8.34 a m, Manning 9.10 a m, arrive Sumter 9.39 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7 10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.10 p m, 11.18 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m, Smithfield 3.03 p m, Dunn 3.50 p m, Fayetteville 4.36 p m, 1.07 a m, Rowland 6.06 p m, returning leave Rowland 9 52 a m, Fayetteville 11.10 a m, 9.40 p m, Dunn 11.49 a m, Smithfield 12.37 p m, Selma 12.34 p m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11 35 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4 38 a m, Creston 5 2? a m, arrive Denmark 6 20 a m. Returning leave Denmark 4 17 p m, Creston 5 16 p m, Sumter 6 05 p m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5 45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9 15 p m. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m, arrives Creston 3 50 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.10 a m and 7.15 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 8.15 p m. Returning leave Lucknow 6 05 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Elliott 8.25 a m and 3.30 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

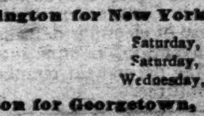
H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. je 23 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington

ONEIDA, Saturday, Aug. 15
PAWNEE, Wednesday Aug. 19
CROATAN, Saturday, Aug. 22

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN, Saturday, Aug 15
ONEIDA, Saturday, Aug. 22
PAWNEE, Wednesday, Aug 26

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

ONEIDA, Tuesday, Aug. 18
PAWNEE, Saturday, Aug. 22

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A. P. LEVY, Manager,

my 3 tf 117 Princess street.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT APRIL 12, 1896.

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2.
7 55 p. m.	Ar...Wilmington...Lve	7 25 a.
4 45 "	Lv...Fayetteville...Ar	10 35 a m
4 33 "	Ar..Fayetteville...Lv	10 55 "
4 30 "	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	11 05 "
3 19 "	Lv....Sanford.....Lv	12 22 p. m
1 32 a m	Lv.....Climax......Lv	2 25 "
1 03 "	Lv....Greensboro...Ar	2 56 "
12 58 "	Ar....Greensboro....Lv	3 05 "
12 12 a m	Lv....Stokesdale....Lv	3 59 "
11 45 "	Lv...Walnut Cove...Ar	4 31 "
11 25 "	Ar..Walnut Cove...Lv	4 33 "
10 65 "	Lv....Rural Hall...Lv	5 71 "
9 35 "	Lv.....Mt Airy.....Ar	6 45 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 3.	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 20 p m	Ar...Bennettsville...Lv	8 45 a. m.
6 18 "	Lv.....Maxton.....Ar	9 45 "
5 42 "	Lv...Red Springs...Lv	10 12 "
4 53 "	Lv....Hope Mills....Lv	10 45 "
4 43 "	Lv....Fayetteville...Ar	10 59

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15. MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches.	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
5 50 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 45 a.
3 55 "	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	8 35 "
3 10 "	Lv...Greensboro...Ar	9 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16 MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Greensboro	9 35 a. m
Leave Stokesdale	10 50 "
Arrive Madison	11 50 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Madison	12 25 p m
Leave Stokesdale	1 28 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 35 "

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston Salem.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest.

W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.

ap 29 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE S.A.L. VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

WEST AND SOUTH.

APRIL 5th, 1896.		No 41	No 403
Leave Wilmington	S. A. L.	P. M. * 3 20	A. M.
Arrive Maxton	"	6 12	
Arrive Hamlet	"	6 5?	
Leave Hamlet	"	7 15	* 9 10
Arrive Wadesboro	"	8 01	9 52
Arrive Monroe	"	8 55	10 40
Leave Monroe	"	9 10	10 45
Arrive Charlotte	"	10 20	11 35
Arrive Lincolnton	"		P. M. 12 56
Arrive Shelby	"		1 50
Arrive Rutherfordton	"		3 00
Leave Hamlet	S. A. L.	A. M. † 9 25	
Arrive Osborne	"	9 50	
" Kollock	"	10 25	
" Cheraw	"	10 4	
Leave Cheraw	S. A. L		P. M. † 5 30
" Kollock	"		5 50
" Osborne	"		6 25
Arrive Hamlet			6 10
Leave Wilmington	S. A. L.	P. M. * 3 20	A. M.
" Monroe		9 05	*10 45
Arrive Chester		10 32	12 08
" Clinton		11 58	P. M. 1 20
" Greenwood		A. M. 1 00	2 33
" Abbeville		1 32	2 58
" Elberton		2 36	4 00
" Athens		3 38	5 1?
" Atlanta		5 2	6 45
Leave Atlanta	A. & W. P.	5 35	
Ar Montgomery	West of Ala.	10 45	
Arrive Mobile	L. & N.	P. M. 4 10	
" New Orleans		* 8 20	
Arrive Columbia	C. N. & L.	A. M. *10 00	P. M. * 4 30
Arrive Augusta	P. R. & W. C.	† 9 35	P. M. * 5 05
Arrive Macon	M & N.		P. M. * 5 40

EAST AND NORTH.

APRIL 5th, 1896.		No 38	No 402
Leave Wilmington	S. A. L		P. M. * 3 20
Arrive Hamlet	"	A. M.	6 ?5
Leave Hamlet	"	* 8 15	10 35
Arrive Southern Pines	"	9 15	11 21
" Raleigh	"	11 26	A. M. 1 21
" Henderson	"	P. M. 1 0	2 33
" Weldon	"	* 3 00	* 4 05
Arrive Portsmouth	S. A. L	P. M. * 5 50	A. M. * 7 30
" Norfolk	"	6 00	7 50
Arrive Richmond	A. C. L	P. M. * 6 40	A. M. * 6 40
" Washington	P. R. R.	11 10	10 45
" Baltimore	"	A. M. 12 48	P. M. 12 05
" Philadelphia	"	3 45	2 20
" New York	"	* 6 53	* 4 53

Arrive in Wilmington from all points North, East, South and West, 12 50 noon Daily, and 8.50 a. m. daily except Monday.

Pullman Sleepers between Hamlet and Atlanta, Trains 403, 402, 41 and 38.

Pullman Sleepers between Hamlet and Portsmouth, Trains 402, 403, 38 and 41.

Pullman Sleepers between Hamlet and Washington. Trains 403 and 402. Trains 403 and 402 are "The Atlanta Special"

Pullman Sleepers between Charlotte and Richmond. Trains 403 and 402.

Close connections at Atlanta for New Orleans, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis and the West and Northwest.

Close connections at Portsmouth for Washington, Baltimore Philadelphia, New York and the East.

*Daily. †Daily ex. Sunday. ‡Daily ex. Monday. For further information apply to

THOS. D. MEARES, Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N C.

T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.

V. E. McBEE, Gen Supt.

E. ST. JOHN, Vice-President and Gen'l Manager.

ma 12 tf

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feb 16 tf CLINTON, N. C.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, AUG. 14, 1896

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat Closed Higher—Corn Lower—Oats Firm at Better Prices—Pork Products Higher.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, August 13.—Wheat—The prospect that deliveries in September would be heavy was not a promising outlook and tended to render the selling very pronounced. Relative to these deliveries a prominent operator said: "There is about twelve million bushels of contract wheat in regular houses in Chicago, but over half of it is in houses made regular in July, and the receipts being dated previous to that time are not regular for delivery now and will probably not be changed to an important extent for September contracts." This phase of the situation dawned on the minds of traders later in the session, effecting a more confident tone, and with the reassured feeling a prompt recovery was inaugurated, prices eventually rising above last night's closing figures. September wheat opened at 54⅜c, sold at 53⅜@55⅜c, closing at 55⅛@55⅜—⅜@⅝c higher than yesterday. Cash wheat was easy early but closed firm.

September corn opened at 23⅛c, declined to 22⅜c, closing at 22⅞c, ⅛c under yesterday. Cash corn was rather weak early but became firmer towards the close, final prices being nominally unchanged from yesterday.

Oats—The oats market displayed more firmness than either of its important neighbors, wheat and corn. September closed ⅛c higher than yesterday. Cash oats closed at steady prices.

Provisions—The rally of wheat at the opening of that market acted as a stimulant to values in product, notwithstanding a weak hog market. With the alteration in grain later, the sustaining force was withdrawn and the strength disappeared. Towards the close a recovery occurred, the rally in wheat influencing it. September pork closed 17½c higher, September lard and ribs each 7½c higher.

POPULIST PLATFORM

Adopted by the State Convention at Raleigh.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, August 13.—The platform adopted by the Populist Convention reaffirms the present county government and election laws; calls on the Legislature to exercise the power reserved by the State to make all United States coins legal tender, and pass an appropriate law, such coins to include trade dollars, forbidding gold notes being taken; pledging the continuance of six per cent. interest; pledging further aid to public schools and more competent supervision of them; declares for an unpartisan judiciary; favors reformatories for young criminals; condemns the Democratic administration for failure to execute the anti-trust laws; condemns the secret methods of the lease of the North Carolina Railway to the Southern Railway by the Democratic party; calls for legislation forbidding charters to lines of railway competing with the present main lines, and calls for a reduction of the salaries of State officers.

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 13.—The *Sun* says: Cotton opened unchanged to four points higher, reacted and declined five to nine points, recovered the loss and advanced, closing steady at a net advance for the day of twelve to sixteen points, with sales of 213,300 bales.

Cotton causery: Reports of rain in various parts of Texas, Mississippi, Alabama and Louisiana caused a sharp break in prices after the opening. But it was in the main a weather market, and when the official weather report was received showing that the precipitation in the Southwest had been very light and scattered, prices quickly rallied and a sharp advance ensued. Reports of damage to the crop continue to be received. The signal service predicted generally fair weather for the next thirty-six hours. German houses bought freely and the better feeling in Wall street caused the tone to strengthen.

COMMITTED SUICIDE.

A Bank Cashier Who Was Discovered to Be Short in His Accounts.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SOUTHBEND, IND., August 13.—Jos. E. Kelley, cashier of the First National Bank of this city, was found dead last evening at the bottom of the cellar steps in his residence. He had committed suicide by shooting himself through the heart.

Yesterday National Bank Examiner Vance suddenly appeared in this city, and being a new man had taken Kelley by surprise. He soon found a shortage in the cashier's accounts. Kelley disappeared, but after a brief search his body was discovered. Kelley had four letters in his pocket, one addressed to Director E. B Reynolds, in which he explained that there was a deficit created by him previous to 1891 and amounting to $24,109. Kelley was 47 years of age, moved in the best society, and had the confidence of every one.

THE TRUCK MARKET.

New York Prices for Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 13.—Pears, Southern, fancy, barrel, $1.00 to 3 50; watermelons, car-loads, $100 to 250; do per hundred $8.00 to 30 00; muskmelons, basket, 75c to $1.00; do barrel, 75c to $3 00; peaches, Maryland and Delaware, 25 to 70c; do carrier, 40c to $1.25; onions, Eastern Shore, basket, 30 to 50c; do barrel, 75c to $1.00; potatoes, sweet, $1.00 to 1.25.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.—Spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 23¾@24¼c. Rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1 57½@1 60.

CHARLESTON, Aug. 13.—Spirits turpentine firm at 21@22; sales 20 casks Rosin firm; sales 200 barrels; B, C, $1 25, D, E $1 30, F $1 30, G $1 35, H $1 40, I $1 45, K $1 50, M $1 55, N $1 60, W G $1 70, W W $1 75.

SAVANNAH, Aug. 13.—Spirits turpentine firm at 22¾, with sales of 1,500 casks; receipts 1,894 casks. Rosin firm at an advance of 5c on H, I and M grades; sales of 3,500 barrels; receipts 4,298 barrels; A, B, C, D $1 37½, E F $1 40, G $1 45, H $1 50@1 55, I $1 55@1 60, K $1 60@1 65, M $1 65@1 70, N $1 75, W G $1 95; W W $2 00.

To Cleanse the System

Effectually yet gently, when costive or bilious, or when the blood is impure or sluggish, to permanently overcome habitual constipation, awaken the kidneys and liver to a healty activity, without irritating or weakening them, to dispel headaches, colds, or fevers, use Syrup of Figs.

ANOTHER EXPEDITION.

TUG DAUNTLESS EN ROUTE TO CUBA WITH MEN AND ARMS

To Aid the Insurgents in Their Struggle for Freedom from Spanish Domination.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH GA., August 13—A special to the *Morning News* from Brunswick, Ga, says: Beyond reasonable doubt Brunswick's tug Dauntless is en route to Cuban waters with a filibustering expedition consisting of about 100 men and several hundred cases of small arms. The Spanish and United States Government officers have been greatly exercised, and United States Marshal Harrell arrived to-day to aid in stopping it, but was powerless. The Dauntless is reported by Capt. White, of the steamer Passport, to have steamed away from the Satilla river bridge, on the Forida Central & Peninsular railway, near sunrise this morning, with a cargo of Cubans who left the late train from Jacksonville at that point to board her. The name and home port pointed on the Dauntless were covered with canvas, but she was recognized by many. John E. Dubignon, managing owner of the Dauntless, returned to Brunswick last night from Jacksonville. He denies the truth of the intimation contained in these dispatches last night that he was hidden out, and says his address was known here, that his business was in no way connected with filibustering; that he is not in that business, and as far as he is personally concerned, the public will be made aware of that fact beyond question at the proper time. Coney & Parker, local agents, state that the Dauntless has gone to Florida waters to tow a barge.

The facts and circumstances concerning the Dauntless, as far as known here, are as follows:

For several days she has been preparing for the expedition. All her ballast was unloaded, and sacks of coal, together with boxes of ammunitions of war, were placed on her. With a picked crew of men, under Capt. Lomm and Engineer Deveraux, she steamed up the Satilla, and there awaited the arrival of Cubans from Jacksonville. All her lights were out, and the trip was made under darkness. An indemnity fund of $35,000 was put up to secure her owners, which go to her whether she lands the cargo or is sunk or captured. When the men were placed on board, the Dauntless steamed away, and will either transfer her cargo to another vessel, land them on Cuban soil, be sunk or captured.

Such information in substance was wired by United States Marshal Harrell to the Attorney General to-night. Spanish Vice Consul Terras has done his utmost to prevent this expedition, as has the customs officials, but so quietly was the work done that nothing could be prevented.

BRYAN AND SEWALL

With Mrs. Bryan Held a Reception at the Windsor Hotel.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 13.—Mr. and Mrs. Bryan were at home to visitors in the ladies' parlor of the Windsor Hotel this morning. The time set for the reception was 11 o'clock, but it was half an hour later before the Presidential candidate and his wife, accompanied by Mr. St. John, drove up to the hotel in an open carriage and were shown to the reception room on the first floor, facing Fifth avenue.

Mr. Bryan slept well at Mr. St. John's house last night, despite the excitement of the meeting at Bartholdi and at Madison Square Garden. He breakfasted at 8.30 o'clock this morning and then devoted an hour to going through his mail. It took two letter carriers to deliver the mail.

At 10 o'clock Mr. St. John summoned Mr. Bryan to a conference with Senator Tillman of South Carolina, ex-Senator Walsh of Georgia, Senator Blackburn of Kentucky and Representative Benton McMillan of Tennessee.

After the conference the start was made for the Windsor Hotel. There was no demonstration of any sort when Mr. Bryan and party arrived at the Windsor. The mismanagement so much in evidence at last night's big meeting, was again conspicuous. There was no one in authority to meet the party and for a moment they stood in the entrance of the hotel at a loss where to go. Mr. Sewall, who was waiting in the corridor, relieved the strain by pointing toward the stairs, and Mr. St. John led the way. The receiving party took up positions on the floor of the parlor and an attendant descended to the hall and announced that "Mr. and Mrs. Bryan are now receiving."

Mrs. Bryan stood between her husband and Mr. Sewall. She wore a dress of black flowered silk, with a short jacket, the reverse of which, trimmed with jet beads, were thrown open, showing a front of white crepe. Mr. Bryan wore his well-described suit of black and alpaca coat. His necktie was of black and white cotton check.

Mr. Sewall looked uncomfortably warm in a black frock coat, checked trousers, and patent leather shoes.

The programme announced by Mr. St. John was that there should be no hand-shaking. That promise was disregarded. Every one of the four hundred or more who attended the reception shook hands with each of the three. The reception lasted less than an hour.

Mr. St. John said to-day that Mr. Bryan was very much pleased with the attendance at the Madison Square Garden meeting, and regarded it as a tremendous success. From 12.30 to 1.30 o'clock Mr. Bryan informally received the members of the National Committee and of the Notification Committee at the Windsor Hotel. "Jimmie" Oliver acted as master of ceremonies.

GOLDBUG DEMOCRATS.

Call for State Coventions to Select Delegates to the Indianapolis Convention.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

INDIANAPOLIS, August 13.—Business at the National Democratic party headquarters is now in full running order. The call for the National Convention for September 2d was mailed to the various States to-day and an inquiry was sent asking the members of the Provisional National Committee to report at once the dates of the State convention called for the purpose of electing delegates to the National Convention. So far as reported here the following calls for conventions have been issued: Vermont, August 18; Maine, August 20; Texas, August 25; Kentucky, August 25; Illinois, August 25; New York, August 27. In this State no State convention will be held, but on August 26 a mass convention will be held in each Congressional district for the purpose of electing delegates to the State convention, nominating electors and electing permanent members in the State committee.

A telegram from R. Hughes Long, American consul at Nogales, Mexico, says: "Yaqui Indians took Nogales by surprise this morning and held it two hours. Ten Yaquis were killed. Four Mexican guards killed and two wounded."

FEED THE NERVES upon pure, rich blood and you will not be nervous. Pure blood comes by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla which is thus the greatest and best nerve tonic.

HOOD'S PILLS cure nausea, sick headache, indigestion, biliousness. All druggists. 25c.

SEVERE STORM

At Pittsburg, Pennsylvania—A Cloud Burst—Three Lives Lost.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PITTSBURG, August 13.—The darkness that lowered over Pittsburg about 8 o'clock this morning was scarcely ever surpassed. For a short time the business part of the city was almost as dark as at midnight, and not a few timid people were appalled at the unnatural spectacle. This was followed by an electric storm quite as terrifying, and by a heavy rainfall which continued until noon, the rainfall measuring 1.85. All over the city sewers were filled to overflowing and accumulations of mud and debris covered the streets. All of the traction lines were brought to a stand still, but aside from this no serious injury to life or property has been reported. The Pittsburg and Western Bridge at Pine Creek, as well as one or two others were swept away, while portions of the tracks were washed out in a number of places.

Dwellings, stables, fences and many domestic animals were carried off by the rushing waters.

Portions of Sharpsburg and Ætna were flooded, and much damage to property were done.

There was a cloud-burst at the hamlet of Dehaven, on the Pittsburg & Western Railway, seven miles from this city, and a number of lives were reported lost.

Later reports reduce the list of fatalities to three, all of whom were women.

The cloud-burst occurred at the junction of Laurel Head and Pine Creek, where the residences of James Robinson and Mrs. Auld were situated. The home of Mrs. Auld was carried from the foundations and wrecked in the torrent. The Robinson house was carried away at the same moment. Robinson saved himself and two children by jumping with them into the water and wading out. The house was wrecked when it came in collision with the bridge, fifty yards below, and his wife and mother-in-law were thrown into the stream and perished.

NAVAL ENGINEERS

Physically Unequal to the Exciting Duties on the New U. S. Battleships.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, August 13.—The alarming news received to-day at the Navy Department telling of the physical collapse of Chief Engineer George E. Tower and Passed Assistant Engineer Andrew McAlister, both of the battleship Indiana, gave rise in the minds of naval officers on duty here to the question whether in the case of our warships the danger line had not been crossed in the attempt of the overworked naval engineers to carry on the exacting duties required of them.

The North Atlantic squadron has now had only eight days of grand maneuvres and during that short period the efficiency of the most powerful battleship of the fleet has been temporarily impaired, two of the four engineers attached to the vessel having been condemned by medical survey and sent to the naval hospital for treatment.

"It is not surprising," said a prominent official to-day, "that this repeated tale of the prostration of naval engineers is heard from our warships. In the British service there are one-half as many engineers as deck officers, while in the American navy there are only one-fourth as many engineers as there are officers of the line."

"The physical history of the corps of engineers," he continued, "during the past two years is a sad one and it emphasizes the fact that not only must the number of engineers be increased, but their condition should be improved in order to render the ships efficient for the day of battle. The engineers are now working under an organization which was founded upon the necessities of wooden ships, but which is not adapted to vessels of steel.

BUSINESS FAILURES.

Wholesale Dealers in Jewelry and Bicycles Succumb to the Financial Pressure.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, August 13.—Henry A. Casperfield, dealer in diamonds and jewelry, at 144 Bowery, 859 Broadway and in Saratoga, N. Y., assigned to-day to Morris J. Hirsch, without preference. He has been in business sixteen years and succeeded Casperfield & Cleveland in 1890. He claimed a capital of $1,200,000.

S. F. Myers & Co, wholesale jewelers and dealers in bicycles, at 48 Maiden Lane, are financially embarrassed, and Louis Clark, Jr., was appointed receiver to-day with a bond of $200,000. The liabilities of the firm are $517,000 and nominal assets $819,000. They have been in business sixteen years and trade with 6,000 firms throughout the United States and South American countries. They are also controlling stockholders in the Olympic Cycle Manufacturing Company.

TRAIN WRECKED.

On the Lake Shore Railway—Engineer and Fireman Killed.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CLEVELAND, August 13.—A passenger train on the Lake Shore Railway was wrecked near Otis, Ind., at 4 o'clock this morning by the washing away of a culvert. The engineer, James Griffin, and the fireman, Michael Reach, were killed, but the passengers almost miraculously escaped fatal injuries. The train consisted of three passenger coaches and two mail cars. One hour and ten minutes before a freight train had safely passed over the point where the accident occurred. The theory of the railroad officials is that a cloud-burst washed out the culvert.

BASE BALL.

Result of Games Played Yesterday at Various Places.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Brooklyn—Baltimore, 2; Brooklyn, 5. Second game—Baltimore, 19; Brooklyn, 3.

Portsmouth—Portsmouth, 6; Lynchburg, 12.

Roanoke—Roanoke, 6; Hampton, 3.

Mobile—Mobile, 2; Montgomery, 13.

New Orleans—New Orleans, 5; Columbus, 3.

Richmond—Richmond, 10; Norfolk, 2.

Pittsburg—No ball game to-day—rain.

Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 7; Washington, 5.

New York—New York, 10; Boston, 6.

Chicago—Chicago, 0; Cincinnati, 7.

HOTEL BURNED

At a New York Seaside Resort—Loss $200,000.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

GREENPORT, L. I., August 13.—At seven o'clock this morning fire was discovered in the laundry of the Manhanset House, at Shelter Island. The fire spread to the engine room, thence to the kitchen and dining hall, and the original building was destroyed. The guests lost nothing. Several of the firemen were overcome by heat and smoke, but no lives are believed to have been lost. The loss will approximate $200,000. The property will be rebuilt.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

COTTON-TIE QUESTION.

Report of the Charleston Exchange on Bales Bound With Wire.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLESTON, S. C., August 13.—The Board of Directors of the Cotton Exchange met to-day and adopted the following resolution in regard to the bale of cotton bound with wire, which was sent here to be tested a few days ago:

Resolved, That the bale received was tested and stood the strain of compressing; that so far as the exporting of cotton bound with these wires is concerned this exchange cannot pass an official opinion in the absence of a majority of exporters from the city, but as far as we can see at present, we think the cotton baled in this way will be received by the exporters, provided the cotton is uncompressed and is wired as the sample sent us for inspection.

WARM WIRELETS.

The Treasury gold reserve, at the close of business yesterday, stood at $106,246,757. The day's withdrawals were $319,800.

A dispatch from Havana says that Captain General Weyler refuses to allow the new American consuls at Sagua and Cardenas to act until he receives their exquatars.

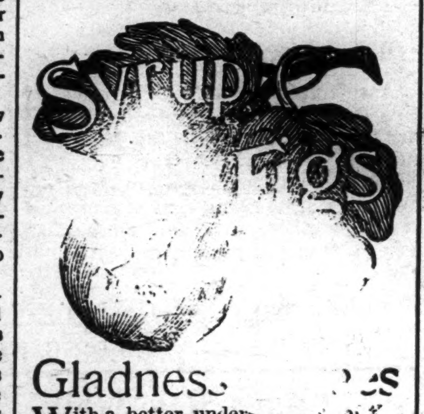
A London dispatch says it is reported that the Arctic explorer Hansen has arrived at Vardo, an island of Norway in the Arctic ocean off Finmark, on board the steamer Windward.

President Cleveland has suspended sentence of five years in the penitentiary imposed upon Frank Pruner, convicted of counterfeiting in Western North Carolina, pending further investigation of his case.

At Providence, R. I., yesterday, the maximum temperature was reached—95 5—one degree warmer than the previous day. Eleven deaths were reported, making a total of twenty-five since Saturday.

The total number of deaths from heat in New York city yesterday was 86, which is a marked falling off from the record of the previous two days. The total number of heat prostrations was 144, or less than one third of the number for the previous day.

It has been decided that Mr. Bryan will enter actively into the campaign on or about September 1st and continue until election day. In order to obtain needed rest and to prepare his letter of acceptance before his speech-making begins he will spend the next two weeks at some quiet place, not yet decided upon.



Gladness [illegible]

With a better unders[illegible] transient nature of the [illegible] physical ills, which vanish before prop[illegible] efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a [illegible]ted condition of the system, w[illegible] family laxative, Syrup [illegible] ly removes. That is [illegible] remedy with millions [illegible] everywhere esteemed so [illegible] all who value good health. [illegible]ficial effects are due to th[illegible] the one remedy which pr[illegible] internal cleanliness without [illegible] the organs on which it acts. [illegible]efore all important, in order [illegible] beneficial effects, [illegible] purchase, that [illegible] article, which is [illegible] California Fig Syrup Co. [illegible] sold by all reputable druggists.

If [illegible] health, and [illegible] laxatives or other [illegible] not needed. If afflict[illegible] disease, one may [illegible]ended to the most skillful physi[illegible]ut if in need of a laxative, one s[illegible]ve the best, and with the well-i[illegible]d everywhere, Syrup of Figs s[illegible]ighest and is most largely used a[illegible] most general satisfaction.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES FOR RENT or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

Lost—A large gold ring on either Princess or Front street. Finder will be liberally rewarded by calling at the STAR office. aug 14 1t

Wet Nurse—Young, healthy, willing to travel, wanted for infant four or five months old. Apply at Dr. Love's office, corner Fourth and Chestnut streets, from 9 to 10 o'clock a. m., or from 2 to 3 o'clock p. m. aug 14 1t

Wanted—A position by a Registered Druggist of two years experience. Address, for references H., care of STAR. aug 13 3t

Photographs—A poor Photograph is one of the poorest things in the world. Remember I guarantee you first class Photos at reasonable rates. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. aug 2 tf

Wanted—Your property on my list, if it is for sale. W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public, 125 Princess street. ('Phone 256.) jy 12 tf

Wanted—A number of good people to call and see my fine line of Groceries. Watermelons and Cantalopes received fresh from the farm every day. Chas. D. Jacobs, 217½ North Front street. jy 11 tf

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c31

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c31

A. & N. C. R. R.

Transportation Department,

Newbern, N. C., Aug. 6, 1896.

NOTICE TO THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad CO.

BY RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF Directors:

"That Stockholders be allowed a free pass over the road from the 15th to the 25th of August, both inclusive to be issued and notice given according to resolution of August 7th, 1895."

RESOLUTION OF AUGUST 7TH, 1895.

"Notice thereof to be given providing that stockholders of record and their immediate families shall be entitled and that blanks be furnished upon application. Limit to be positive and no extension allowed."

A blank form of application will be furnished from this office the same as last year on application to the undersigned.

Only one application from each stockholder will be necessary. S. L. DILL, Supt.

☞ NOTE that this Company's construction of a Stockholder's immediate family consists of husband and wife, and children, and such others of his household who domicile with him under his own roof and who are dependent upon him for support. au 9 tf

Wilmington Seacoast Railroad.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JUNE 1st, trains will run the following schedule:

Leave Wilmington 6 30 a. m., 10.00 a. m. and 2.30 p. m., 5.10 p. m., 7 15 p. m.

Leave Ocean View 7 30 a. m., 11.00 a. m., 4 p. m., 6.10 p m., 10 p. m.

On and after July 15th there will be no 12 30 p. m. freight train on the W. S. C. R. R. Freight will be carried at 6.30 a. m', 10,10 a. m. and 5.10 p. m.

Sunday Train—Leave Wilmington 10 a. m., 2.30 p. m. Leave Ocean View 12 m, 7 p. m.

jy 18 tf R. OSCAR GRANT, Superintendent.

NEW YORK "WORLD" One Cent.

NEW YORK "JOURNAL" ONE CENT

—ALL—

Sunday Papers 5 Cents

During the campaign we will furnish the "World" (including SUNDAY) 12½ cents per week.

"JOURNAL"

10 cents per week, (INCLUDING SUNDAY.)

Parties out of town add 6 cents per week to above prices.

All the latest Literature, Pictorials, etc. New and standard Novels in paper 10 cents each.

Campaign Goods.

Badges, Buttons, Emblems, Mottoes, Flags, etc.

C. W. Yates & Co.,

aug 13 tf Wilmington. N. C.

Why Not

Take a free ride on the Street Cars to our Store during these hot days. We pay your car fare on all purchases of $2.00 and upwards.

Bargains in Every Department.

$1.50 and $2.00 Shirt Waists. Your choice 50 cents.

12½ and 15c Dimities and Figures 7c.
White Lawn 5, 8 and 10c.
35c White Lawn 19c.
Mason's Fruit Jars—quarts 69c; two quarts 89c dozen.
Best Toilet Paper 5c package.
200 yards Spool Cotton 1c Spool.
$1.25 and $1,50 Slippers.

69 Cents

Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits and Pants,

1-4 Off the Price.

Beautiful Crayon Portrait given away when purchases amount to $10.00. Ask for Punch Cards.

J. H. Rehder & Co.,

Next Fourth Street Bridge.

'Phone 118. aug 2 tf

NOTICE.

HAVING PURCHASED THE OTHER HALF of the entire Wholesale and Retail Boot and Shoe business, known as Mercer & Evans, successors to H. C. Evans, at 115 Princess street, which includes the entire interest in said business of the late H. C. Evans, such as half of stock of Boots and Shoes, books and book accounts due and becoming due, good will, &c., and at the same time assuming all the liabilities pertaining to said firm, the undersigned will continue the business under the firm name of Mercer & Evans, at the same old stand.

Respectfully, J. B. MERCER.

To those whose accounts are due we would respectfully say: Please pay at once. It is necessary. To those whose accounts will be due we would respectfully say: Please pay promptly when due. It is necessary. To those who have been dealing with us we would in gratitude say: Thank you, with the hope that you and we have been mutually benefitted, and that you will continue to wear our Shoes. It is necessary. To those who have dealt with us and feel like they did not get full value for what they paid, we would say kindly let us know it, that we may have the chance to set the matter right. It is necessary. To those who have never dealt with us we would earnestly say: When in need of Shoes give us a trial. It is necessary. To all we extend a most cordial invitation to wear our Shoes. It is necessary.

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS,

Successors to H. C. Evans.

Wilmington, N. C., July 7, 1896. y 8 tf

JUST IN

A car load heavy feed Oats, in lots to suit.

Wheat, Bran, Peas, Corn, Hay &c.

We carry a heavy stock of

Snuffs and Tobaccos,

and offer all the discounts and advantages allowed by the manufacturers. Get our prices before placing orders for

GROCERIES, BAGGING AND TIES.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

jy 14 D&W tf

SEASONABLE GOODS.

Jute Bagging,

Arrow Ties,

Cheese, Crackers, Cakes, Salmon, Sardines, Oysters.

Full and complete stock of

HEAVY AND FANCY GROCERIES.

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

Don't fail to see us before buying.

WORTH & WORTH.

aug 6 tf

One Reason

Why we are doing a big prescription business is because we are "fixed" for it. It's to our interests to be fixed for it and yours too—and you are finding it out. We have told you before that we wanted you to visit us and see for yourself how well fixed we are for filling prescriptions—you did so and went away pleased. If we can't fill your prescription exactly as your physician directs we will hand it back to you. We will not substitute, we give you honest drugs at honest prices. We hope to be still better fixed as time rolls on. We don't stand still. Try us.

JAS. D. NUTT.

aug 8 tf He puts up Prescriptions.

SUMMER RESORTS.

SPARKLING CATAWBA SPRINGS.

For Thirty Years the Favorite Resort of the People of the Cape Fear Section.

OPEN JUNE 1st.

These justly celebrated Springs of North Carolina are beautifully located in the shade of the Blue Ridge—climate delightful, waters eminently curative for
Dyspepsia, Liver Disease, Vertigo, Spinal Affections, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Gravel, Diabetes, Kidney Affections, Chronic Cough, Asthma, Insomnia, Debility and Skin Diseases.
Hotel refitted and in good order. Write for terms.

Dr. E. O. Elliott & Son,

Sparkling Catawba Springs, N. C.

je 11 tf

Hotel Townsend,

RED SPRINGS, N. C.

THIS FAMOUS RESORT IS AT ALL TIMES open for the reception of guests.

The Mineral Springs,

Ten in number and all of different analyses, and are unsurpassed for medicinal virtues. No watering place on the Atlantic coast

Offers Superior Advantages

to those seeking rest and health. The large number of persons who have been

RESTORED TO HEALTH

attest the virtues of the Mineral Water at this famous resort

For particulars address

HOTEL TOWNSEND,

my 24 tf Red Springs, N C.

SWEET CHALYBEATE SPRINGS,

Alleghany County, Va.

THESE CHARMING SPRINGS are situated in a lovely valley. ensconced in the

BACKBONE OF THE ALLEGHANIES, at an elevation of 3,000 feet, in the midst of the "Springs Region" of Virginia, and only nine miles from Alleghany Station—the highest point on the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway. Beef and mutton supplied from the finest blue grass sod. Vegetables in abundance, grown in the garden of this noted property. RATES MODERATE.

For further particulars, write

B. F. EAKLE, JR.,

je 16 tf Manager.

Rockbridge Alum Springs, Va.,

OPEN JUNE 1, 1896. ELEVATION 2,000 feet. No fogs or mosquitoes. Accommodations for over 1,000 guests. Rates reduced 50 per cent. Extensive improvements made this year will add greatly to the pleasure and comfort of visitors.

Send for handsomely illustrated catalogue.

JAMES A. FRAZIER,

my 29 tf Managing Receiver.

HOTEL BEDFORD,

BEDFORD CITY, Va., at the famous Peaks of Otter; summer, health and pleasure resort; most beautiful and pleasant place in the mountains of Virginia; MAGNIFICENT AND ELEGANTLY EQUIPPED HOTEL; lowest rates this year ever offered; write for booklet. Address

HOTEL BEDFORD,

je 17 tf Bedford City, Va.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

SALEM

Academy and College.

FOR nearly 100 years this institution for the higher education of young women has occupied the very front rank, and was never more numerously attended than now. It is not only provided with a high-grade College Course, but has experts in all of its special schools of Music, Art, Elocution, Commercial and Industrial Studies. We will be pleased to send catalogue on application. Term begins September 3d.

JOHN H. CLEWELL, Principal.

jy 31 3w* fr su we Salem North Carolina.

Fayetteville Military Academy,

Fayetteville, N. C.

COL. T. J. DREWRY, C. E., Principal.

W. S. DREWRY, Ph. B. M. A. (University Virginia) Associate.

Three Assistant Instructors—all degree graduates and experienced teachers. Apply for Catalogue.

aug 1 D&W 1m

VIRGINIA MILITARY INSTITUTE,

LEXINGTON, VA.

58th Year. State Military, Scientific and Technical School. Thorough Courses in general and applied Chemistry, and in Engineering. Degrees conferred in course. Grad. V. M. I., and Bachelor Science; in Post Grad. courses, Master Science, Civil Engineer. All expenses, including clothing and incidentals, provided at rate of $36 50 per month as an average for the four years, exclusive of outfit.

GEN. SCOTT SHIPP, Superintendent.

jy 15 19t tu th sa

North Carolina

College of Agriculture

AND Mechanic Arts.

This College offers thorough courses in Agriculture, Mechanical, Civil and Electrical Engineering, and in Science. General academic studies supplement all these technical courses.

EXPENSES PER SESSION, INCLUDING BOARD:

For County Students, - - - $ 91 00
For All Other Students, - - 121 00

Apply for Catalogues to

ALEXANDER Q HOLLADAY,

RALEIGH, N. C. PRESIDENT.

jy 10 tf

20 Per Cent. Discount

FOR CASH ONLY

on all Ladies' and Gentlemen's

TAN.

Lace, Button Shoes and Oxfords.

No Old Stock,

But New Goods

that must be sold to make room for our Fall stock.

Canvass Leggins at 75c.

Light weight Jersey Leggins, Black and Tan, at $1.00.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

jy 7 tf

Combination Bicycle

FOR SALE.

A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address

M., at

ap 7 tf STAR OFFICE.

C. W. Polvogt & Co.,

Successors to Katz & Polvogt,

No. 9 North Front St.

On Saturday, Aug. 15

We will take our semi-annual inventory and will offer during this week lots of merchandise at COST rather than carry them to next season.

We want room in our CARPET and RUG Department for the new stock which will soon be here. To make this room we offer our

$1.00 Velvet Carpets for 80c.

85c Brussel Carpets for 60c.

75c " " " 50c.

TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. DISCOUNT ON ART SQUAAES AND RUGS.

We offer 3,000 yards of Dark and Light Challie, Ginghams, Organdy and Light Figured Duck, all at 10c per yard. Some were our 35c Goods.

We are sole Agents for W. B. Corsets and Butterick Paper Patterns. Subscription for the Delineator taken at our Store.

C. W. Polvogt & Co.

BRIGHT, PURE, ELEVATING

And Instructive

Are the advertisements of the One-Price Cash Store of the City by the Sea. Our principal aim in spending money with the newspapers for advertisment is to instruct the reading public by teaching them the prices of the different classes of Dry Goods they need in their daily lives. We claim to be the leading and most progressive Dry Goods store in the city, and handle everything that is kept in the largest department store throughout the United States.

Perhaps you are thinking of taking a trip and you may want a trunk, grip bag or valise. Small, Zinc-covered Trunks, 26 inches high, tray and bonnet box, at $1.35 each, 28 inches, at $1.75; 30 inches, at $1 25. Large and fine Saratoga Trunks, with sheet-iron bottoms, zinc, bright and attractive in appearance, with good lock and clash, 30 inches long, at $2.75; 34 inches, at 3 25; 36 inches, at 4.25. Canvas-covered, 36 inches long, at $4.25. Hand Bags and Grip Bags of all kinds. Mackintosh Coats and Ladies' Rubber Gossamers selling very low; all new and strictly up-to-date. Assorted colors, for ladies, from $1.65 to 2.50 each. All Wool, for men, with Cape and Long Coats, best rubber-lined, from $3.75 up to 10.00 each.

Fine line of new Umbrellas in rattan handles, Gloria top, Paragon frame, at 75 and 80c each. Congo handle, with Twilled Silk top, Paragon frame, at $1.00 each. The same Umbrella we have been selling at $1.50.

We wish to call attention to the fact that we handle the following goods in large quantities. Ladies' Slippers—We wish to close to make more room for our Fall stock of Shoes. A very nice Slipper, with patent tip, Dongola finish, at 39c a pair. Better Slippers, worth $1:00, for 80c a pair. Our line at $1.69, now 1 45 a pair, are as neat and fine Slippers as are to be found. The handsomest Slipper we ever had at $2.50, now at 2.10 a pair. Men's Patent Leather Slippers, worth $1.35, now at 1.10 a pair. Dongola Low Cut Shoes for men, worth $1 35, now 1.10 a pair. Men's and Boys' Rubber Bottom Slippers, leather insole, with rubber bottoms, at 40c a pair. Men's fine Buff Shoes, all solid, soft and nice, Tie, Lace and Congress, at $1.00 a pair. Men's high cut, solid Brogan Shoes, at 80c a pair.

You will find us at 112 North Front street, opposite the Orton House.

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.

au 9 tf WILMINGTON'S BIG RACKET STORE.

Special Clearance Sale

BY

JOHNSON & FORE.

Commencing Monday, the 20th Inst.,

WE OFFER SOME UNHEARD OF BARGAINS.

Your Choice of Ladies' Shirt Waists at 75 cts, Former Price $1.25 to 1.75.

Twenty Pieces 36-inch Percale at 6c Per Yrd.

Lawns at 10c Per Yard, Former Price 15 and 20 cts.

A Few Linens at 30c, Worth 50 and 60 cts.

All Millinery Goods for less than Cost.

Don't Miss the Sale.

JOHNSON & FORE,

Agents Dr. Jaeger's Sanitary Underwear. jy 19 tf

Statement of ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

At the close of Business July 14th, 1896, Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.			LIABILITIES.		
Loans		$492,601 75	Capital		$125,000 00
Overdrafts		None	Surplus	$45,000 00	
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)		41,250 00	Undivided profits	117,767 01—	56,767 01
Banking House and Fixtures		10.0 0 00	Circulation		37 120 00
Redemption Fund		1,856 00	Total Deposits		493,800 95
Due from Reserve Agents	$54,777 21				
Due from other Banks	48,866 98				
Cash on hand	63,336 02—	166,980 21			
Total		$712,687 96	Total		$712,687 96

DIRECTORS:

J. W. Norwood, W. E. Springer,
D. L. Gore, C. W. Worth,
S. P. McNair, E. J. Powers,
Sam'l Bear, Jr., H. L. Vollers,
W. C. Coker, Jr.
J. L. Coker, Hartsville, S. C., G. A. Norwood, Greenvile, S. C

New York correspondent, Chemical National Bank.

jy 23 tf

ST. MARY'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,

RALEIGH, N. C.

The Advent Term of the Fifty-fifth School Year will begin September 24th, 1896.

Special attention paid to thorough instruction on the Violin.

Certificate admits to Vassar.

jy 19 2½m REV. B SMEDES, A. M.

PEACE Institute.

FOR YOUNG LADIES, Raleigh, N. C.

No superior work done anywhere, North or South. It has now the best faculty it has ever had. The advantages offered in Literature, Languages, Music and Art are unsurpased.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

ju 25 3m

JAMES DINWIDDIE, M. A. (University of Virginia) PRINCIPAL.

Did You Know

THAT I KEPT A COMPLETE LINE OF

Toilet Soap?

Well, I do, and the prices are so low and the quality so high that you cannot afford to stay away, if you need SOAP.

S. W. SANDERS,

At The Unlucky Corner,

Both Telephones No. 109.

aug 9 tf

For Sale,

A LOT CONTAINING TWO DWELLINGS and Store, corner Market and Ninth streets. For particulars address

J. A. MONTGOMERY,

aug 6 1w* Wilmington, N. C.

For Rent,

A DESIRABLE STORE,

313 North Front Street, between Mulberry and Walnut. Size, 16 by 50.

Possession given at once. Apply

Sam'l Bear, Sr.,

jy 26 tf 12 Market Street.

Leaders.

ELECTRIC LIGHTS, ELECTRIC FANS, solid comfort, most Expert Workmen in the State, everything first-class. Your patronage solicited.

H. C. PREMPERT'S SONS,

Experts in Barbering.

11 South Front street. jy 26 tf